Physics opportunities with exclusive J/ ψ at ECCE

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Abstract

Among the heavy quarkonia production processes at the future Electron-Ion Collider 4 (EIC), the exclusive photoproduction with large cross section and simple final state is 5 expected to play a key role. In the reaction, an incident virtual photon fluctuates into 6 quark-antiquark pair, which then scatters off the target elastically, emerging as a real 7 quarkonium. The scattering process occurs via the exchange of a color neutral object, 8 pomeron, which can be viewed as two gluons with self interaction (gluon ladder) in the 9 language of QCD. Due to the gluonic nature of pomeron, the exclusive heavy quarkonia 10 photoproduction at EIC can be related to the gluon distribution of proton and nucleus 11 using perturbative QCD. Furthermore, the distribution of momentum transfer from the 12 target in the process is sensitive to the interaction sites, which provides a powerful tool to 13 probe the spatial distribution of gluon in nucleus. Recently, there has been great interests 14 among the nucleon structure community in determining the anomaly contribution M_a 15 as a key to understand the origin of the proton mass. The trace anomaly is sensitive to 16 the gluon condensate and exclusive production of quarkonia such as J/ψ and Y is an 17 excellent laboratory to extract the anomaly contribution M_a , in which the sensitivity can 18 be maximized for the production near threshold. 19 In this poster, we will cover the J/ ψ detection at the proposed EIC detector, ECCE, 20 using full detector simulation. And we will present the capability of exclusive process of 21 J/ψ photoproduction detection to probe the gluon nPDF and spatial distribution, the near

 $_{22}$ J/ ψ photoproduction detection to probe the gluon nPDF and spatial distribution, the near threshold production mechanism and trace anomaly of proton mass decomposition with

²⁴ the ECCE detector setup.

3