#### Light transmission test status

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# Camera Block

#### Mount

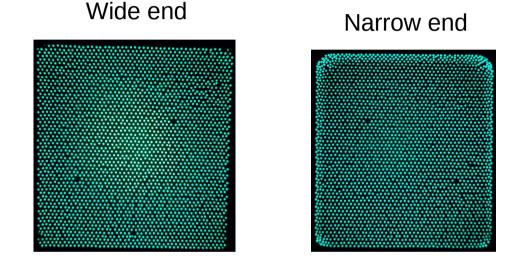






## What's new?

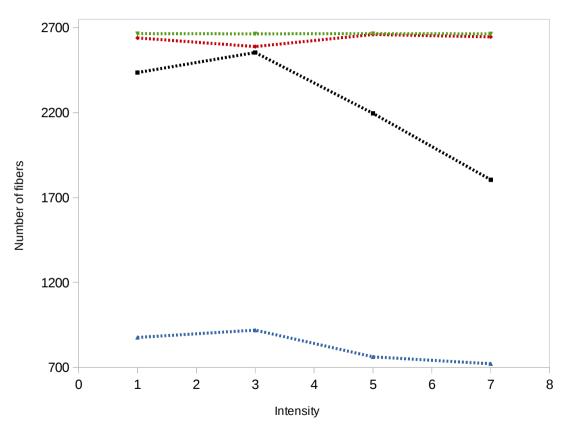
- Database of pictures:
  - Both sides of blocks (narrow and wide).
  - Different colors.
  - Different intensities.
  - Different distances.



• Increased distance between block and light source, but not between camera and block.



#### Different colors and light intensities

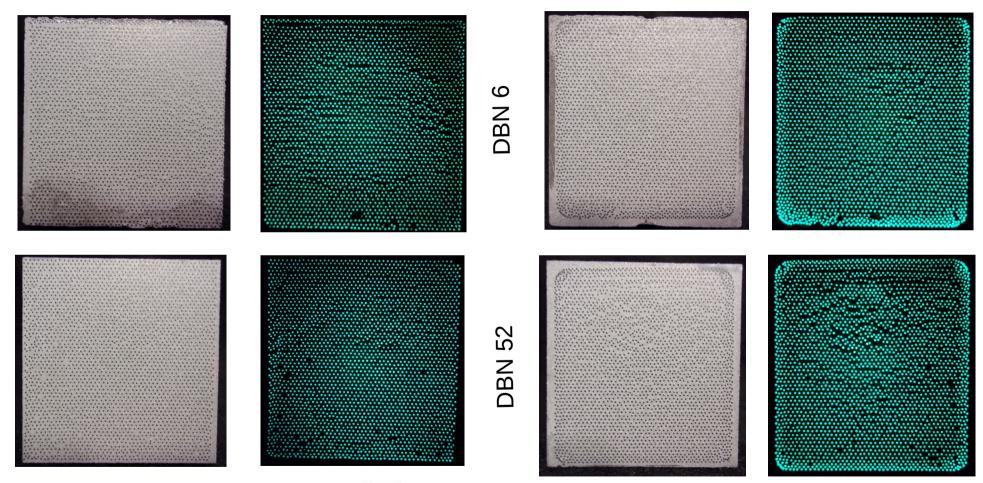


- For green light, the number of fibers seems to be independent of the intensity of light.
- For red, blue and white light, we have to tune the light intensity for optimal number of fibers.
- Green light always gives the maximum number of fibers.



#### Pictures of blocks

Narrow



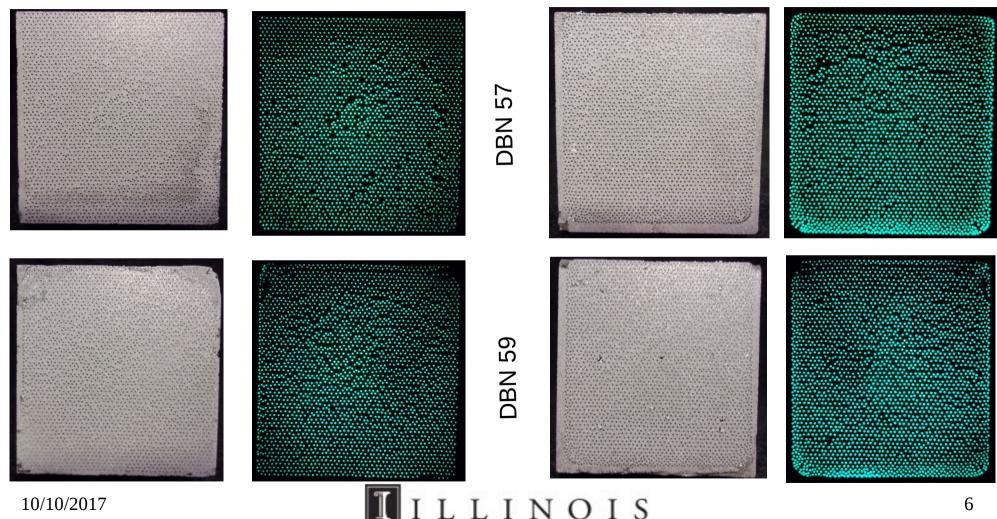
Wide



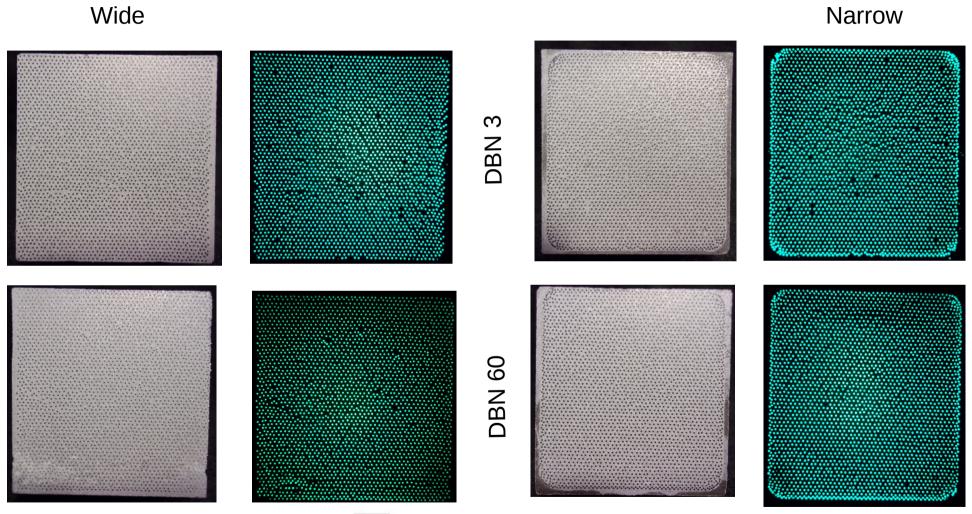
Eric will touch up some of the blocks

#### Wide

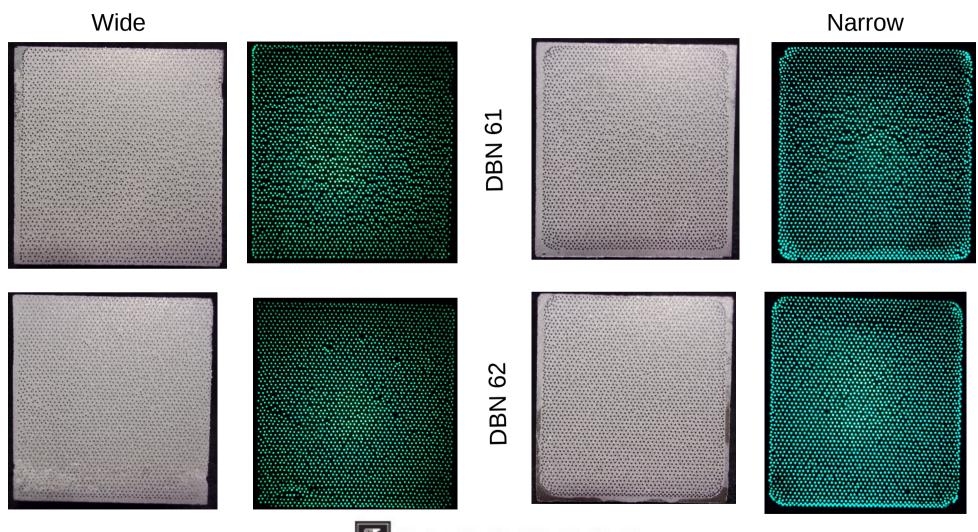
Narrow



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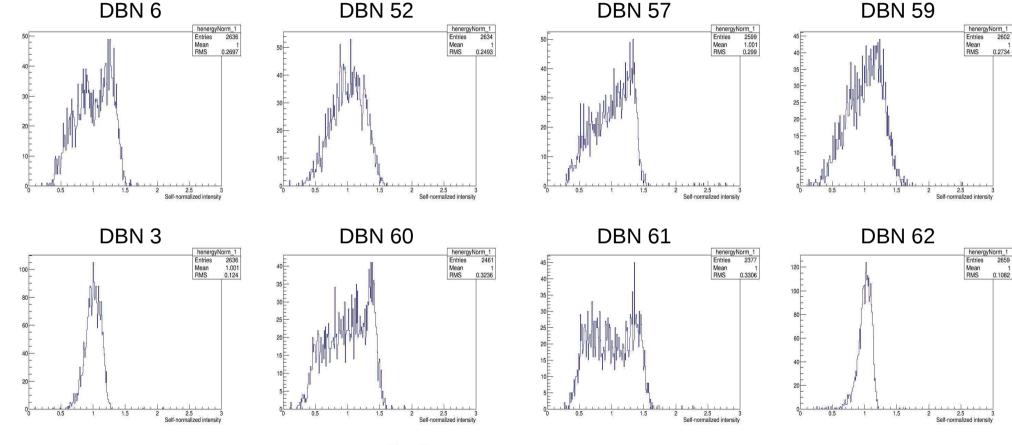






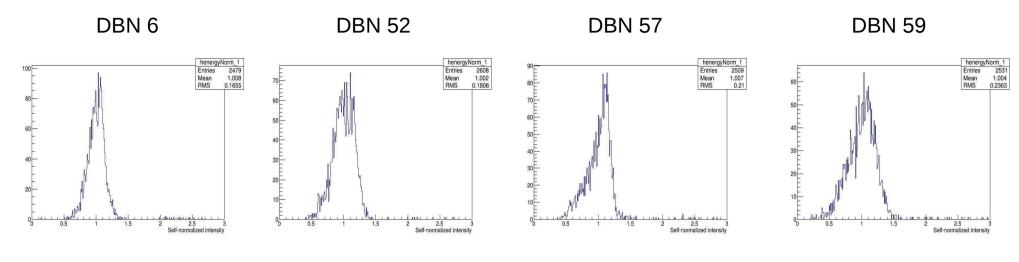
#### Intensity histograms

Wide side:





#### Narrow side:

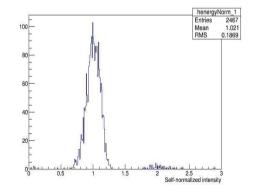


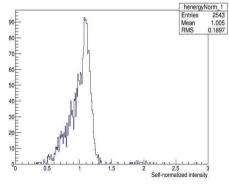
DBN 3

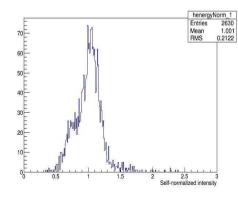


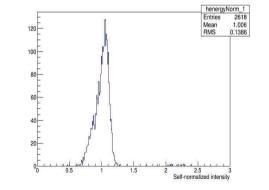


**DBN 62** 





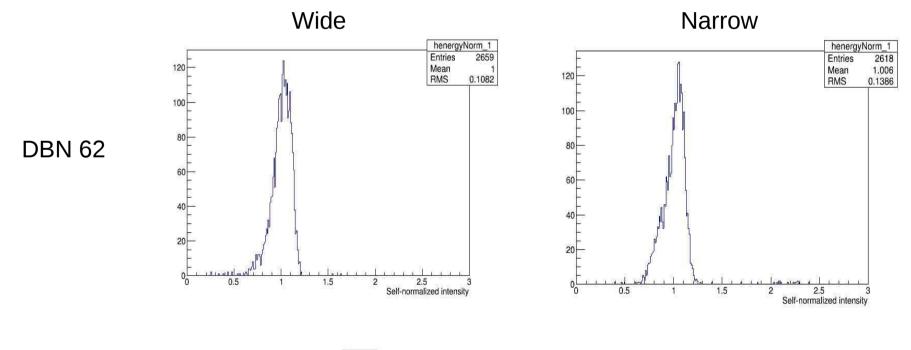






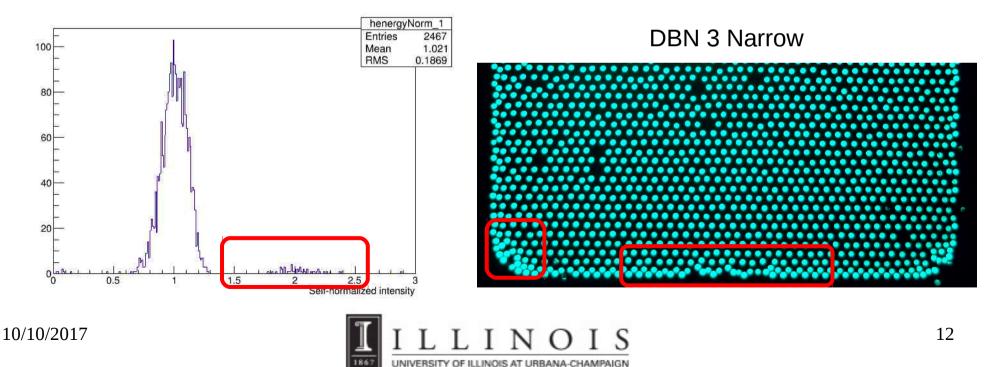
#### Comments

• Compared to previous results (Yongsun's slides from last week), distributions seem to be left-skewed.

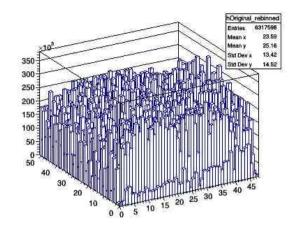


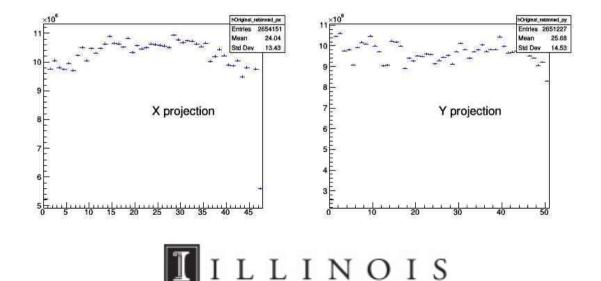
## Possible sources of error

- Tune the code to get total number of fibers and minimize errors.
- Distance camera-block is too short.
- If fibers are too close, they might be counted as a single cluster with twice the energy.



#### 2D distributions





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## Next

- Get total number of fibers.
- 2D distributions.
- Changing distance camera-block.
- Touch up the ends of the blocks.
- More blocks.
- Tolerances.

