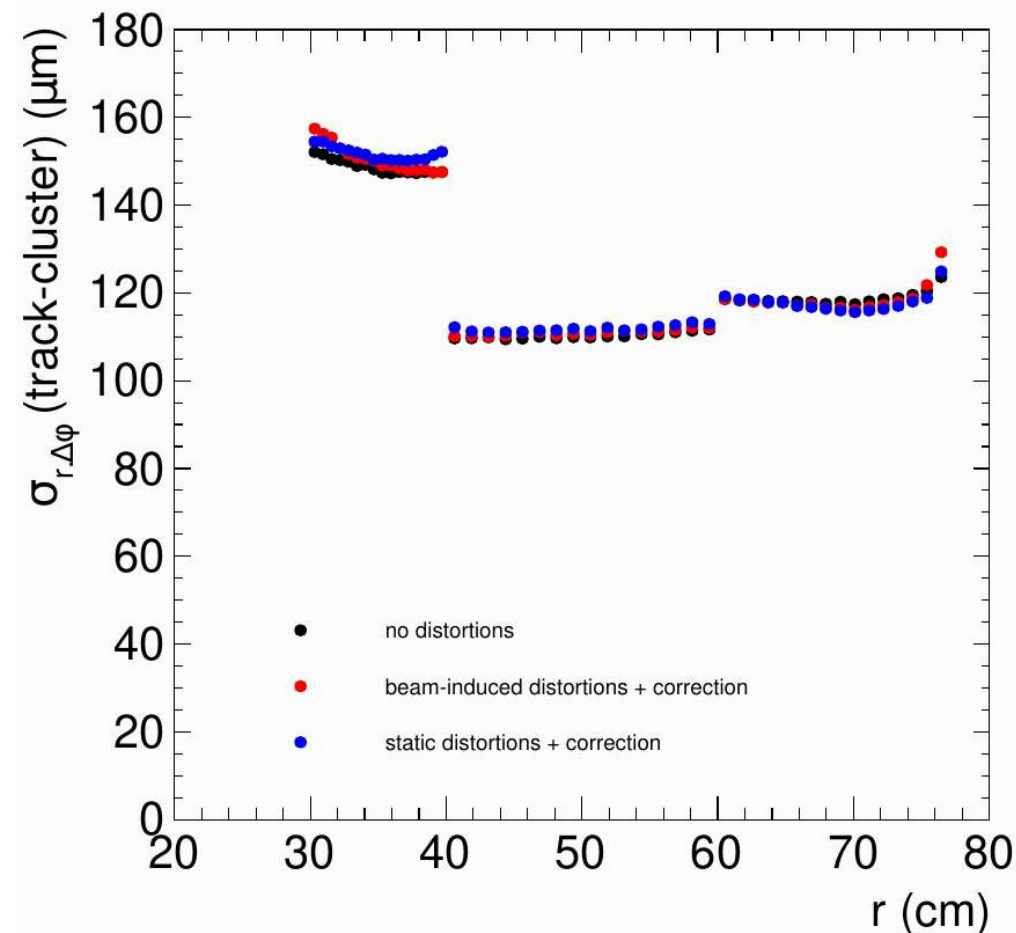


TPC distortions in tracking chain

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Residuals (track - clusters)

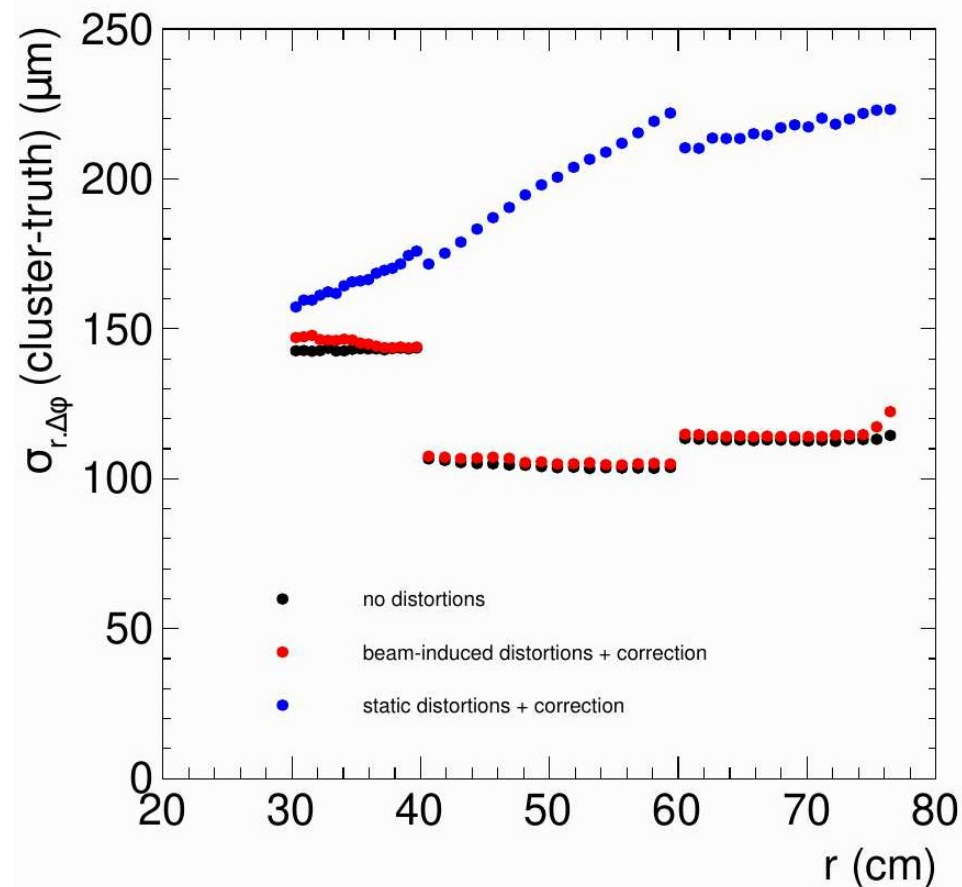


Residuals (track - clusters) show little difference between w/ and w/o distortions

Does not teach much though: even if clusters are poorly corrected, the fitted track might still go through them well.

Should rather look at cluster - truth (that characterizes cluster mover and distortion inversion)

Residuals (cluster-truth)

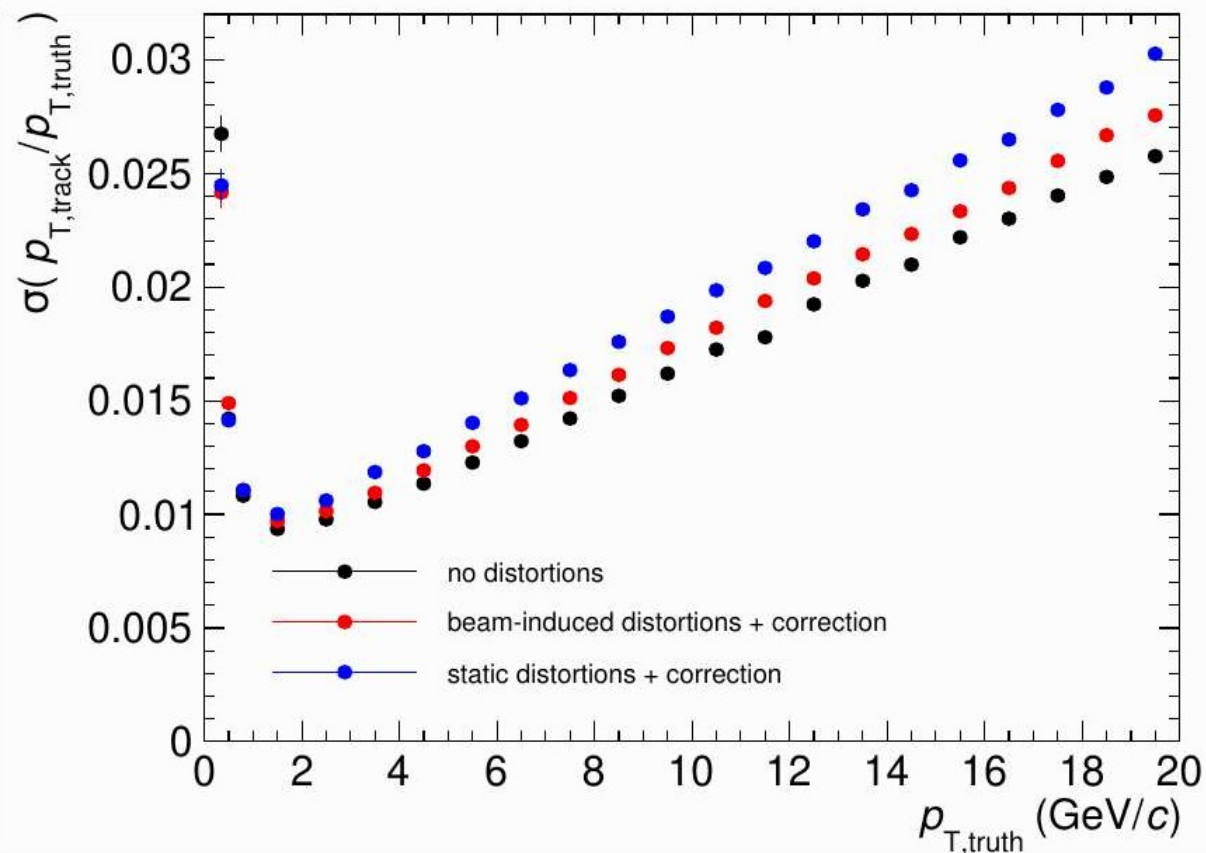


Would indicate that the culprit for the deterioration is either the cluster mover or the inverted distortion corrections

This is in contradiction with conclusion from slides 5 and 7 (truth track finding)

→ Need to investigate static distortion case further. In particular, I have two peaks in some residual distributions

Momentum resolution



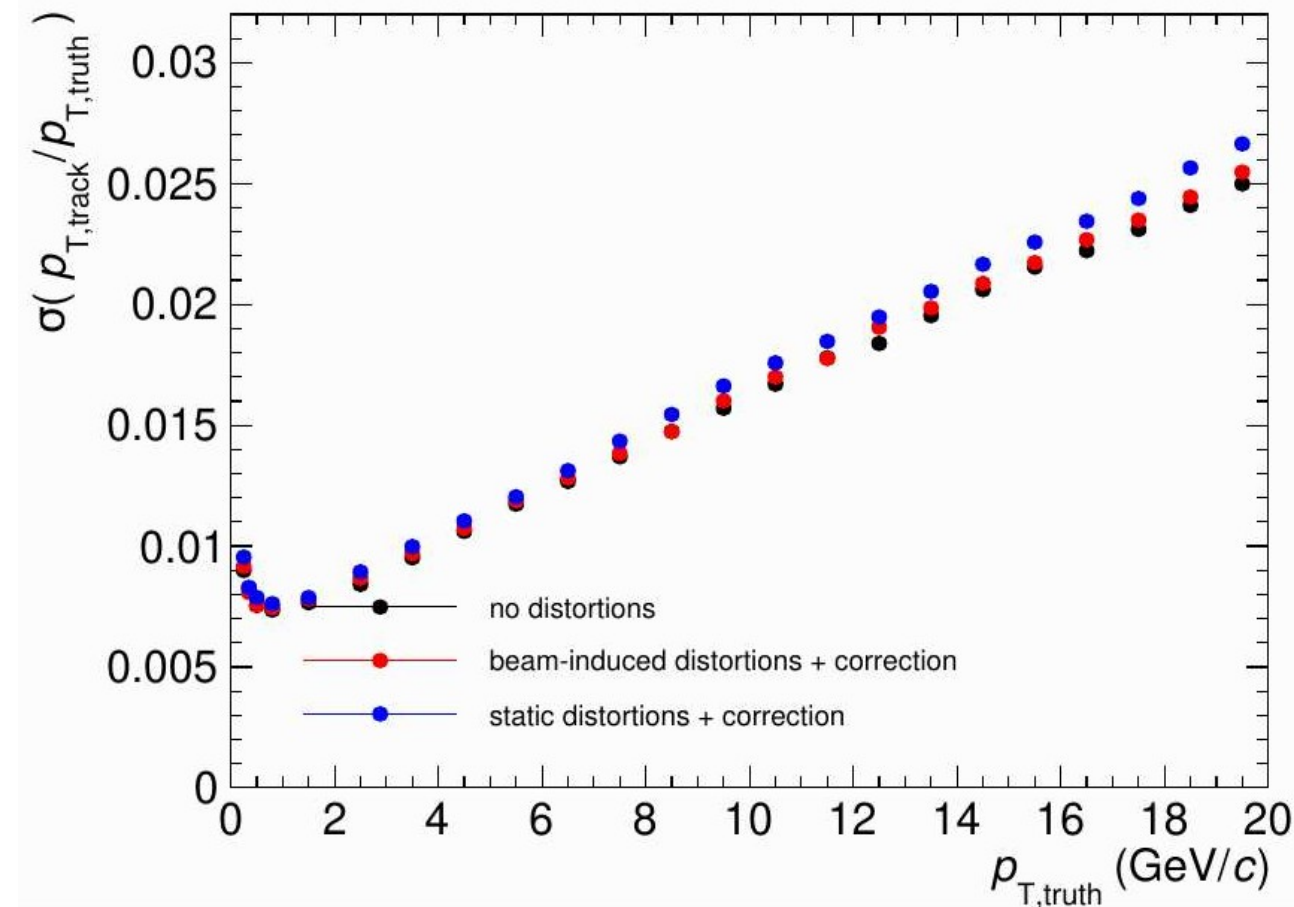
Input: high statistic samples of 400k pion events (one π^+ and one π^- per event)

Using full tracking

distortion correction uses truth distortion map, inverted

Added cut on $n_{clusters,mvtx} > 2$ on track selection, to match Tony

Momentum resolution (cont.)



Input: high statistic samples of 400k pion events (one π^+ and one π^- per event)

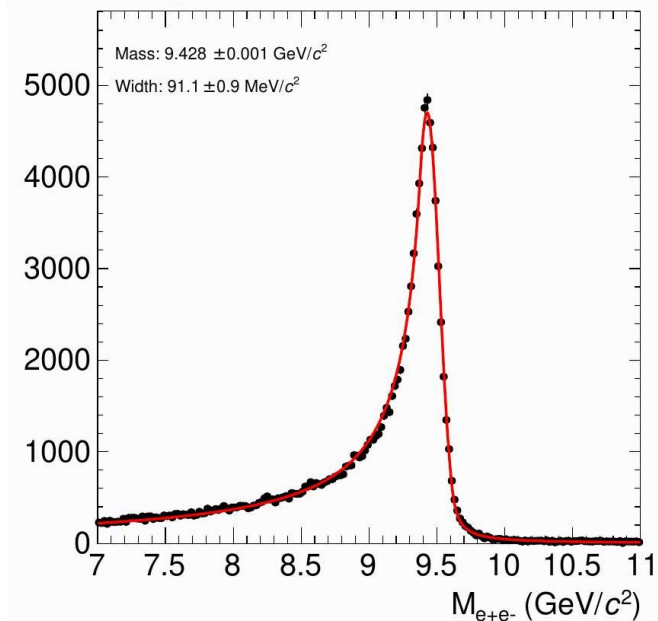
Using truth tracking

distortion correction uses truth distortion map, inverted

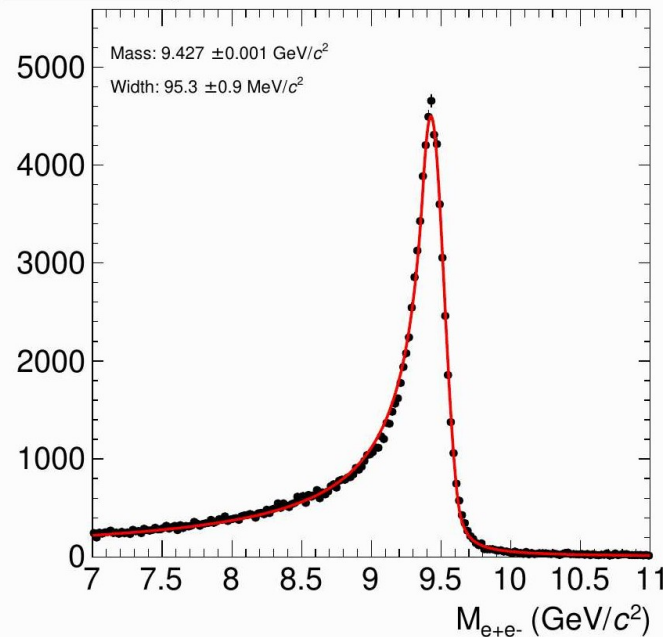
Added cut on $n_{clusters,mvtx} > 2$ on track selection, to match Tony

Much smaller differences between w/ and w/o distortions as with full tracking.

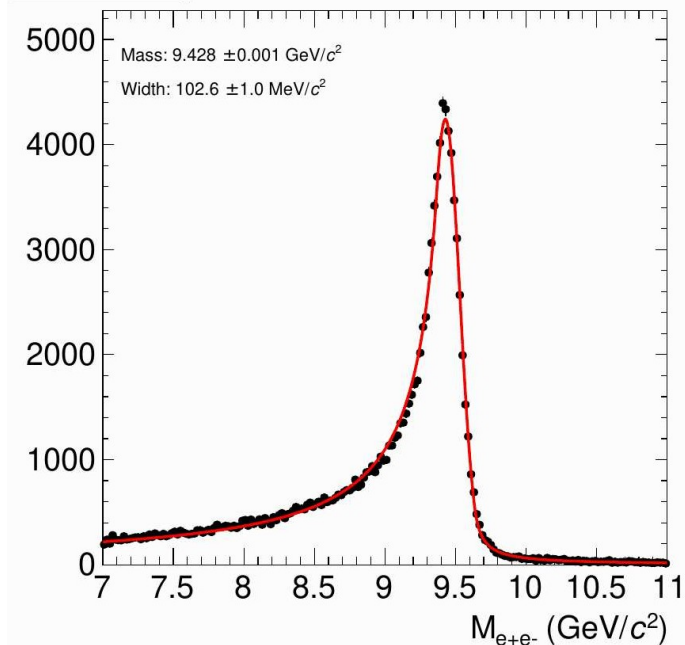
Upsilon invariant mass resolution



No distortions
 $\sigma = 91 \pm 1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



beam-induced distortions + correction
 $\sigma = 95 \pm 1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



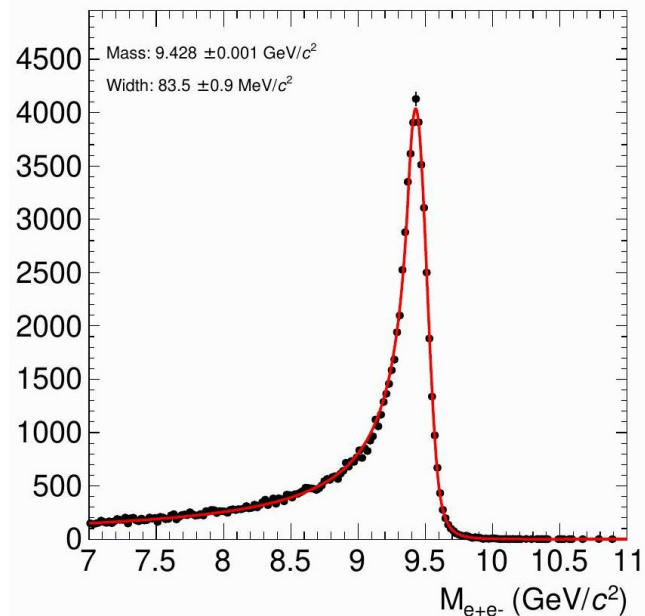
Static distortions + correction
 $\sigma = 103 \pm 1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Input: high statistic samples of 200k single upsilon events

Using full tracking

distortion correction uses truth distortion map, inverted

Upsilon invariant mass resolution (update)



No distortions

$\sigma = 83.5 \pm 0.9 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Input: high statistic samples of 200k single upsilon events

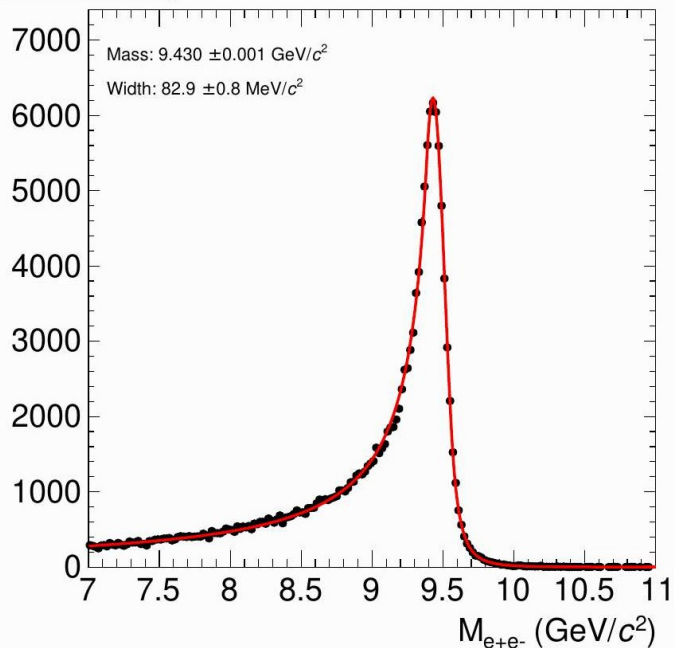
Using cuts from Joe: $n_{\text{cluster_mvtx}} > 2$, $n_{\text{cluster_tpc}} > 30$

Using full tracking

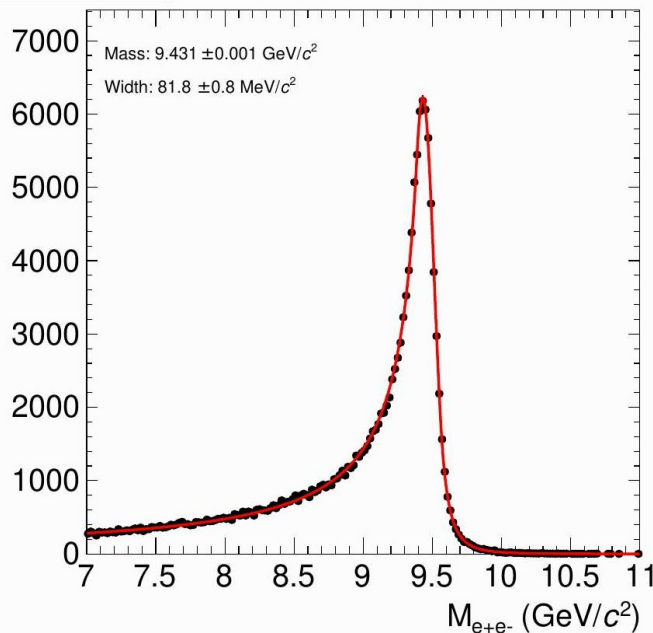
distortion correction uses truth distortion map, inverted

Numbers now consistent with Joe

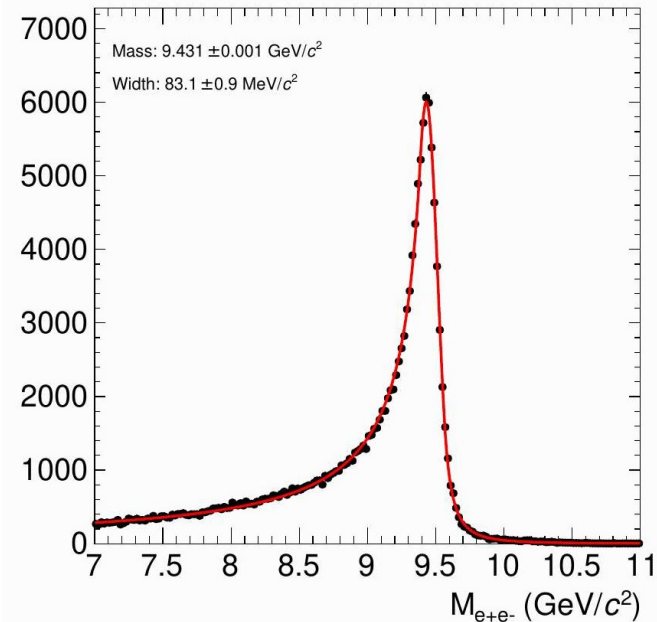
Upsilon invariant mass resolution



No distortions
 $\sigma = 83 \pm 1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



beam-induced distortions + correction
 $\sigma = 82 \pm 1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$



Static distortions + correction
 $\sigma = 83 \pm 1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

Input: high statistic samples of 200k single upsilon events

Using truth tracking

distortion correction uses truth distortion map, inverted

There is some deterioration of the residual (track-cluster), momentum and invariant mass resolution when introducing distortions and truth-based distortion corrections in the tracking chain

The deterioration is larger for larger distortions (static = O(cm) vs beam-induced = O(mm))

It might come from

- 1) poorer seeding and initial track parameters
- 2) inexact cluster mover
- 3) approximate distortion corrections, from the inversion method

Redoing the same comparison but using truth track seeding in the TPC (`G4TRACKING::use_full_truth_track_seeding = true;`), one find much smaller differences between w/ and w/o differences.

Would indicate that 1) is the culprit