

Preliminary figures request:  
Bose-Einstein correlations in charged kaons from 200  
GeV Au+Au collisions at RHIC

Ayon Mukherjee

March 6, 2022

## Contact information

- PA name: Ayon Mukherjee
- PA email address: ayon.mukherjee@ttk.elte.hu
- Supervisor email address: csanad@elte.hu

## Physics motivation

Bulk properties of nuclear matter can be extracted by employing femtoscopic methods to study the high-energy systems emerging from relativistic heavy-ion collisions. The space-time structure of the particle-emitting source can be examined by observing the effects of quantum-statistics and final-state-interactions on the pair correlations of particles, with data collected by the STAR experiment from the  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV Au+Au collisions created in the RHIC. On account of being less susceptible to resonance decays and having a smaller reaction-cross-section while interacting with hadrons, kaons provide a complementary probe of the particle-emitter as compared to pion analyses. Results from Bose-Einstein correlations between pairs of charged kaons are presented and compared to descriptions based on a Lévy-shaped source distribution.

- Dataset: AuAu\_200\_production\_2016, st\_physics
- Year: 2016
- Production tag: P16ij
- Triggers used: VPDMB-5-p-sst (520001, 520011, 520021, 520031, 520041, 520051) & VPDMB-5-p-nosst (520002)

# Bad run list

Source (analysis code located at):

`/star/u/ayon1991/kaons_full_stats/StRoot/MyAnalysis/MyAnalysisMaker.cxx`

17063037,17070011,17073049,17073063,17075108,17075110,17076001,17076003,  
17076010,17097024,17097026,17098033,17098035,17098036,17098037,17098038,  
17098039,17098040,17098043,17098045,17098046,17098047,17098048,17098050,  
17103017,17103059,17103060,17103061,17104001,17104002,17104003,17104004,  
17104005,17104006,17104007,17104008,17104009,17104011,17104012,17104013,  
17104014,17104015,17104016,17104017,17104018,17112054,17114044,17114045,  
17114046,17114047,17114049,17114050,17114051,17115001,17115002,17115003,  
17115004,17115005,17115007,17115008,17115009,17115010,17115012,17115013,  
17115014,17115016,17115018,17115019,17115021,17115022,17115025,17115026,  
17115028,17115030,17115031,17115032,17115033,17115035,17115037,17115038,  
17116006,17116047,17116048,17116049,17116050,17116052,17116053,17116054,  
17116056,17116057,17116058,17116059,17116061,17116062,17116063,17116065,  
17117003,17117006,17117007,17117008,17117010,17117011,17117012,17117013,  
17117014,17117015,17117019,17117020,17117021,17117023,17117028,17117029,  
17118051,17119001,17119002,17119003,17119004,17119005,17119006,17119007,  
17119009,17119011,17119012,17119013,17119014,17119015,17119016,17119072,  
17124032,17124039,17124040,17124041.

## Event level cuts

- Vertex cuts:

$$\text{VPD } |v_z| < 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{TPC } |v_z| < 25 \text{ cm}$$

$$|\text{VPD}v_z - \text{TPC}v_z| < 3 \text{ cm}$$

$$v_r = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2} < 2 \text{ cm}$$

- TOF multiplicity vs. reference multiplicity cut:

$$\text{Ref\_mult} > 0.18 \times \text{TOF\_mult} - 20$$

$$\text{Ref\_mult} < 0.25 \times \text{TOF\_mult} + 25$$

- Centrality cut: 0-30%

- Events before cuts: 3.06 billion.

2.59 billion after trigger cuts,

776 million after centrality selection,

20% processed as of now.

# Track level cuts

- PID cuts:  
 $N_{\sigma}(K) < 1, N_{\sigma}(\pi, \rho) > 3$
- Nhits cut:  
 $18 < \text{Nhits} < 50$
- $p_T$  cut:  
 $0.2 < p_T[\text{GeV}] < 4$
- Global DCA  $< 3$

## Other selection criteria: pair cuts

- Splitting level  $< 0.6$
- FMH  $< 0.001$
- $\Delta z - \Delta u$  cuts



## Analysis procedure

- Tracks are read in and cut, following which pair-correlations amongst particles from the same event are calculated as functions of  $q_{\text{LCMS}} = \sqrt{(p_{1x} - p_{2x})^2 + (p_{1y} - p_{2y})^2 + q_{\text{long,LCMS}}^2}$  to obtain  $A(q)$ .
- Particles from the current event are stored and event-mixing is performed by randomly selecting particles from stored events.
- In the mixed event thus created, pair-correlations are calculated to obtain  $B(q)$ . The ratio of  $A(q)$  &  $B(q)$  is then calculated to obtain  $C(q)$ .
- $C(q)$  is fit with the Coulomb-corrected Lévy function:  
$$[1 - \lambda + \lambda \cdot K(q) \cdot (1 + e^{-|Rq|^\alpha})] \cdot N \cdot (1 + \varepsilon q) .$$
- The Coulomb correction,  $K(q; \alpha, R)$ , is calculated numerically.
- Finally, the resulting fit parameters -  $R$ ,  $\lambda$  &  $\alpha$  - are extracted and plotted; along with their systematic uncertainties.

## Systematic uncertainties

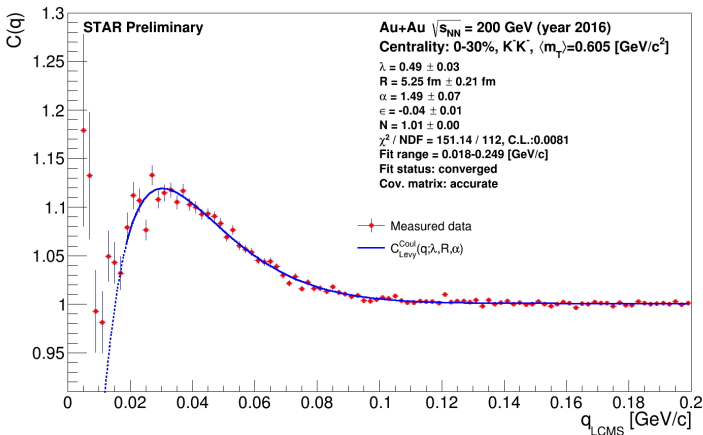
Qty., $m_T$ [MeV/ $c^2$ ]	$\Delta_{\text{sys}_{\text{high}}}$	$\Delta_{\text{sys}_{\text{low}}}$
$R$ [fm], 605	0.82	0.68
$R$ [fm], 668	1.93	2.57
$R$ [fm], 739	0.65	1.23
$\lambda$ , 605	0.14	0.12
$\lambda$ , 668	0.40	0.53
$\lambda$ , 739	0.17	0.30
$\alpha$ , 605	0.23	0.25
$\alpha$ , 668	0.22	0.36
$\alpha$ , 739	0.20	0.50

The systematic uncertainties are obtained by combining uncertainties from fit-stability calculations and from varying pair-cut settings as:

$$\Delta_{\text{sys}} = \sqrt{(\Delta_{\text{fits}})^2 + (\Delta_{\text{cuts}})^2}.$$

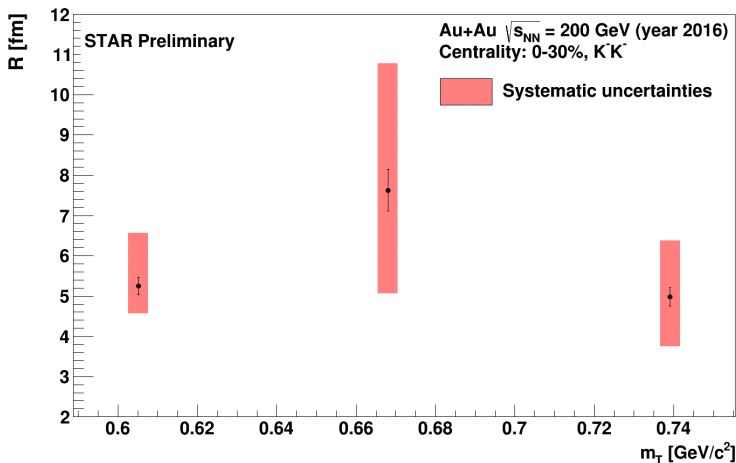
**Systematic uncertainties arising from varying track-cut settings are yet to be calculated.**

# Fitted correlation function



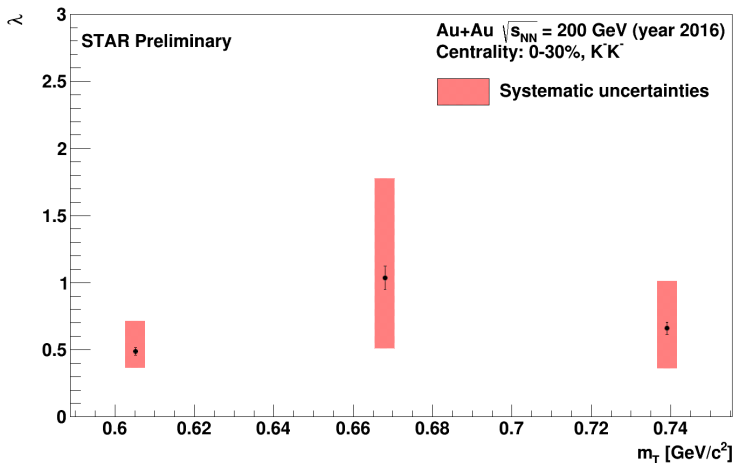
- Low- $q$  peaking suggests unsolved problems  $\rightarrow$  under investigation.
- An  $\alpha$  value less than 2 shows the possibility of the existence of non-Gaussian sources.

# Fit parameter: R



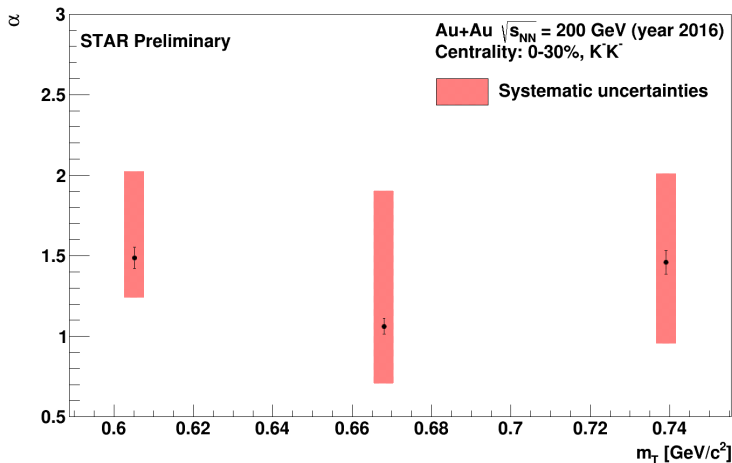
Sys. unc. high for  $m_T = 668$  MeV/c<sup>2</sup>, suggesting low accuracy.  
Systematic uncertainties arising from varying track-cut settings are yet to be calculated.

# Fit parameter: $\lambda$



Sys. unc. high for  $m_T = 668$  MeV/c<sup>2</sup>, suggesting low accuracy.  
Systematic uncertainties arising from varying track-cut settings are yet to be calculated.

# Fit parameter: $\alpha$



Sys. unc. high for  $m_T = 668$  &  $739$  MeV/c<sup>2</sup>, suggesting low accuracy. Systematic uncertainties arising from varying track-cut settings are yet to be calculated.