中国科学院近代物理研究所
Institute of Modern Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences

Update of baryonic spin Hall effect using Λ polarization at STAR

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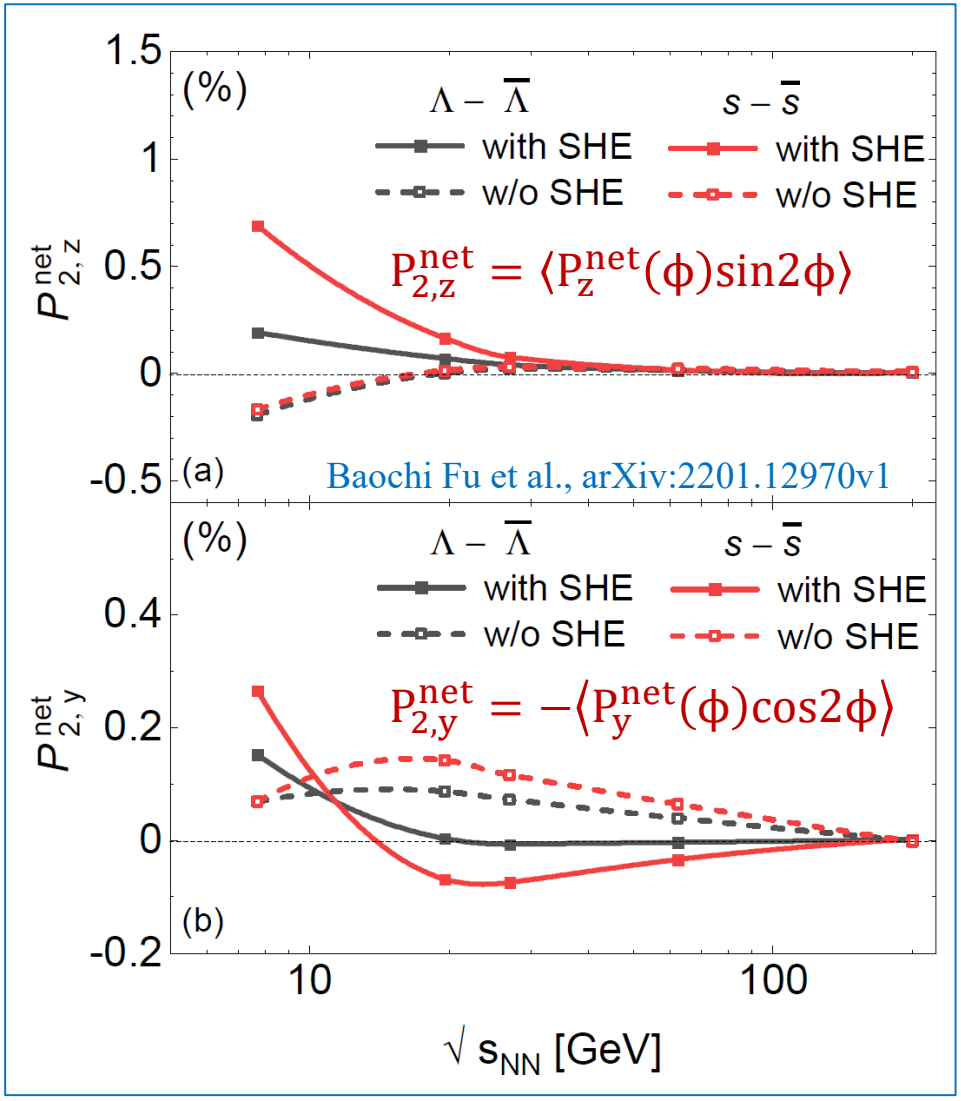
STAR FCV Meeting, October 26, 2022

Outline

- **Motivation**
- **Data analysis of Au+Au @ 14.6 GeV**
  - **Measurement of Λ's local polarization P_z**
  - **Measurement of Λ's local polarization P_y**
- **Summary**

Part I: Motivation

Baryonic Spin Hall Effect



$$\boldsymbol{P \propto \pm p \times \nabla \mu_B}$$

$$\bar{P}_y = \frac{8}{\pi \alpha_\Lambda} \frac{1}{R^{(1)}_{EP}} \langle \sin(\psi_1 - \phi^*_p) \rangle$$

$$P^{net}_{2,y} = -< P^{net}_{y}(\phi) cos2\phi >$$

$$P_z = \frac{< cos\theta^*_p >}{\alpha_H < (cos\theta^*_p)^2 >}$$

$$P^{net}_{2,z} = < P^{net}_{z}(\phi) sin2\phi >$$

$$P^{net}_{z,y}(\phi) = P_{z,y}(\phi) - \overline{P_{z,y}}(\phi)$$

α_Λ: Λ's decay parameter

ϕ^*_p: the azimuthal angle of the daughter proton in Λ rest frame

θ^*: angle between daughter proton momentum vector in Λ rest frame and polarization direction

No investigation of proposed SHE in heavy ion collisions!

Part II: Data analysis

Dataset and analysis details

Au+Au @ 14.6 GeV, BES-II
production=P21ic

Event Cuts
— Vertex: |Vz| < 70 cm
|Vr| < 2 cm

— Trigger ID (650002)

— Pile-up is done via StRefMultCorr

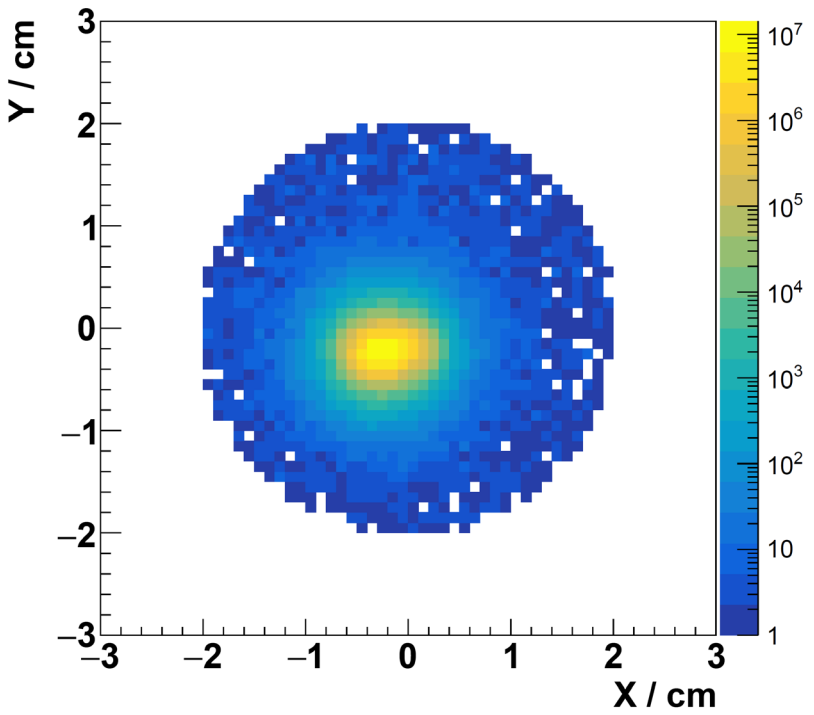
Single track Cuts
— 0.15 GeV/c < p_t < 5 GeV/c
— No. of TPC hits > 15
— Nhits-TPC/Possible Hits >= 0.52
— |η| < 1.5

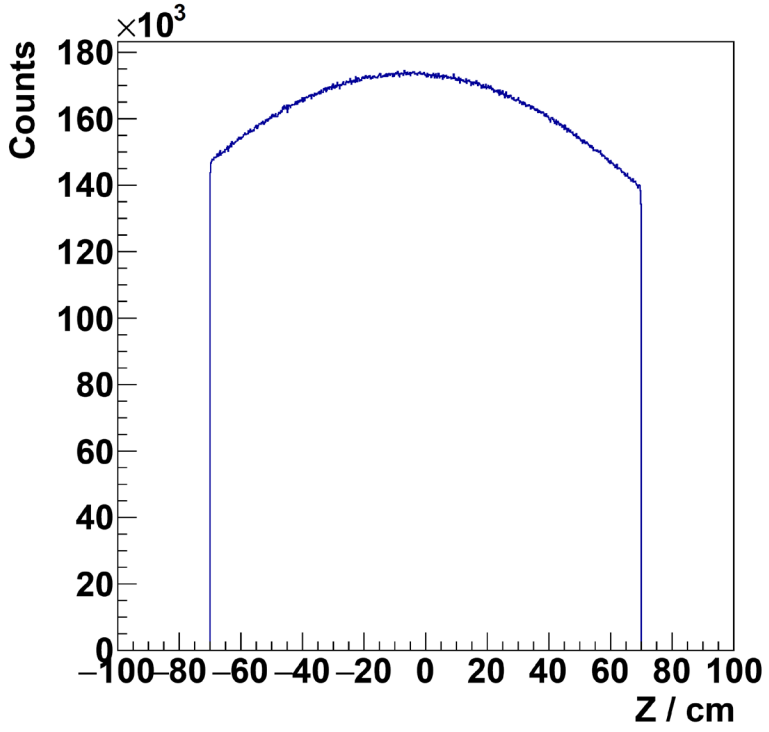
Pion/Proton PID Cuts
— if ToF available
$(1/\beta - 1/\beta_\pi) < 0.03$
$(1/\beta - 1/\beta_p) < 0.04$

— else use TPC
|Nσ| < 3 for both π and p

No. of events for analysis: ~114 M

Part II: Data analysis





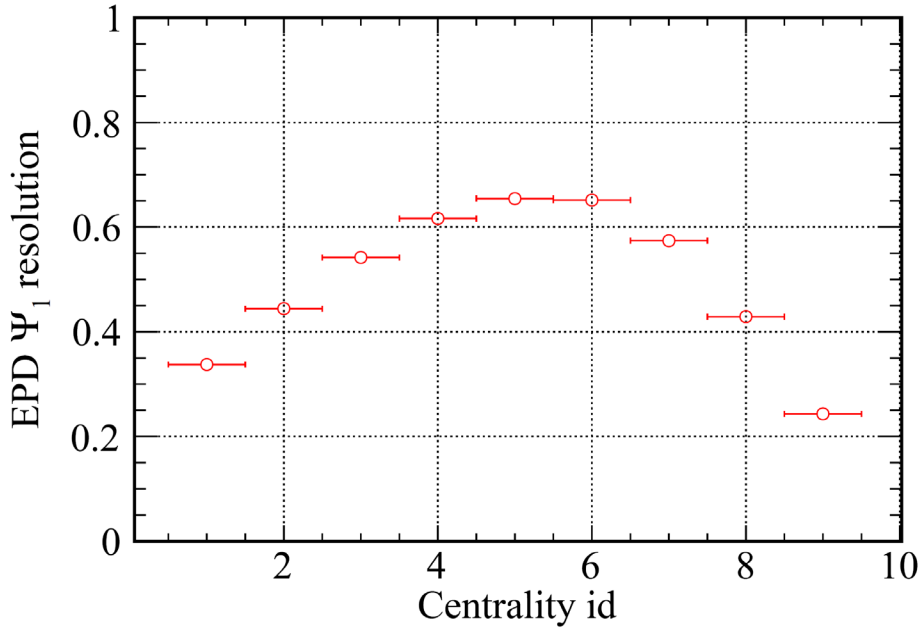
$\Lambda \rightarrow p+\pi^-$

$\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}+\pi^+$

Using STAR Helix method
- **Decay length > 3.0 cm**
- **DCA to prim vertex < 0.8**
- **DCA between π/p < 0.8**
- **DCA to p > 0.3**
- **DCA to π > 1.6**
- **p & π: p_t>0.15 GeV/c;**
- **Λ(anti-Λ): p_t>0.5 GeV/c**
- **$|y_{p\text{-}\pi\ pair}| < 1.5$**

Au+Au @ 14.6 GeV

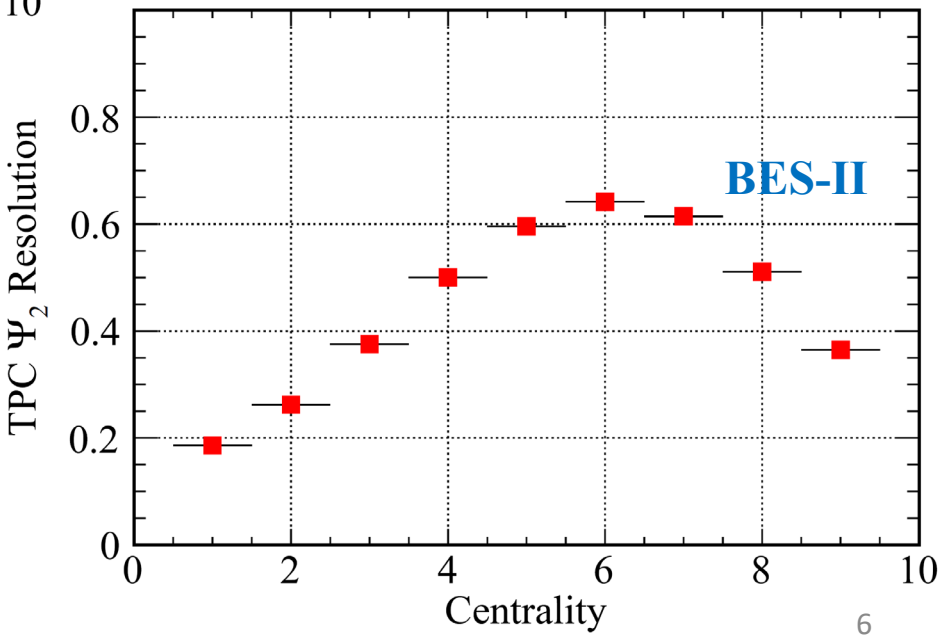
Part II: Event plane resolution



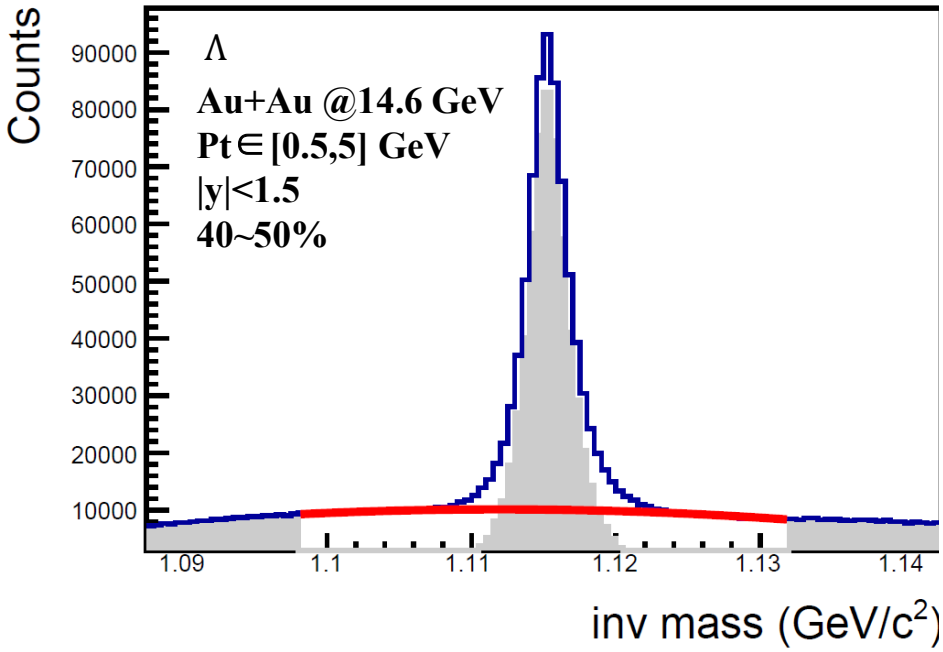
EPD event plane

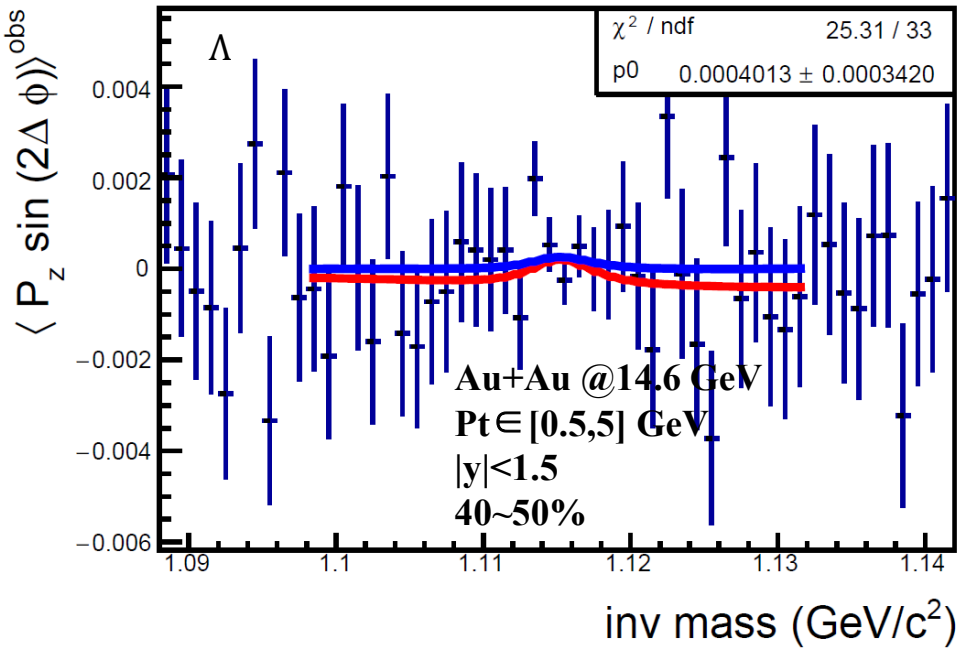
Au+Au @ 14.6 GeV

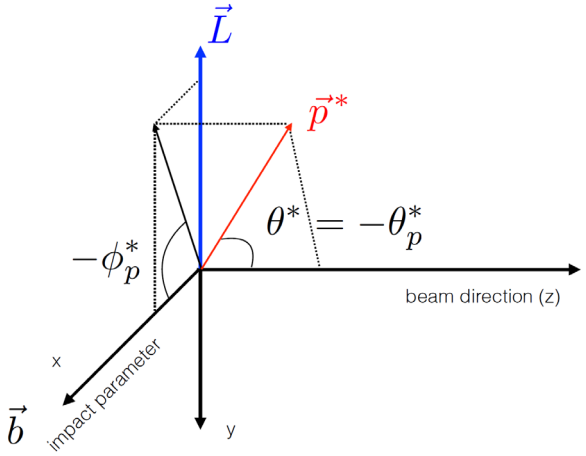
TPC event plane



Part II: Measurement of Λ's local polarization Pz







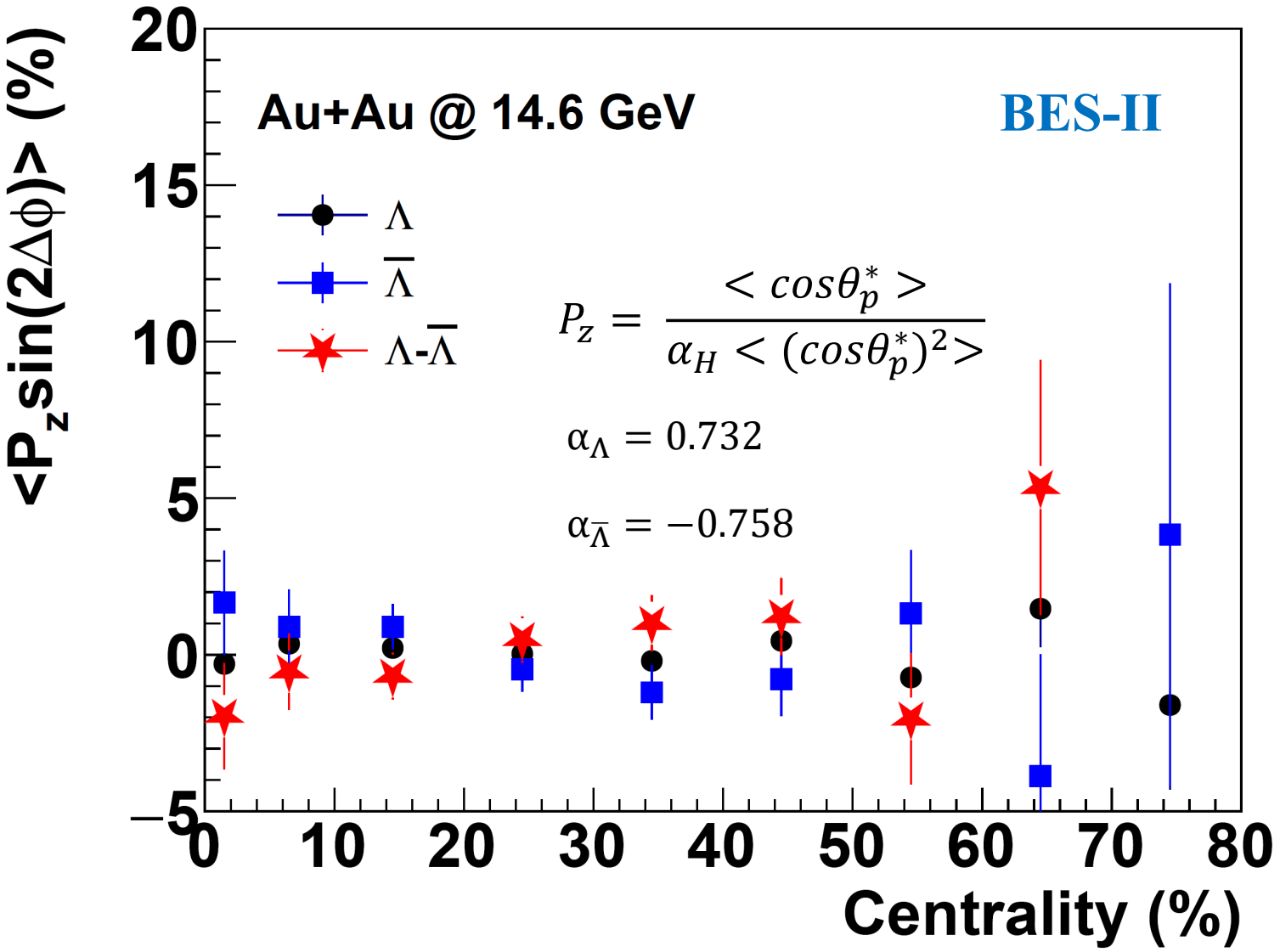
$$\langle P_z sin(2\Delta\phi)\rangle^{obs} = \left(1 - f^{Bg}(M_{inv})\right)\langle P_z sin(2\Delta\phi)\rangle^{Sg} + f^{Bg}(M_{inv})\langle P_z sin(2\Delta\phi)\rangle^{Bg}$$

$\Delta\phi=\psi_2-\phi^*_p$

Blue: w/o bkg;

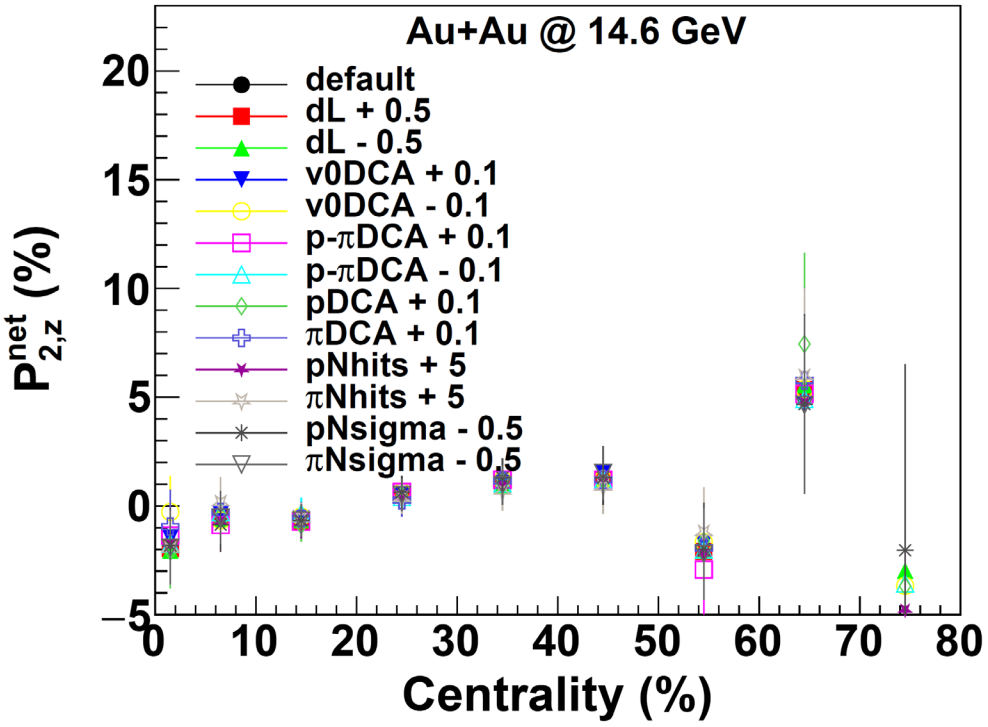
Red: with bkg ($\alpha+\beta M_{inv.}$)

Part II: Measurement of Λ's local polarization Pz



No significant centrality depend of P_z is observed

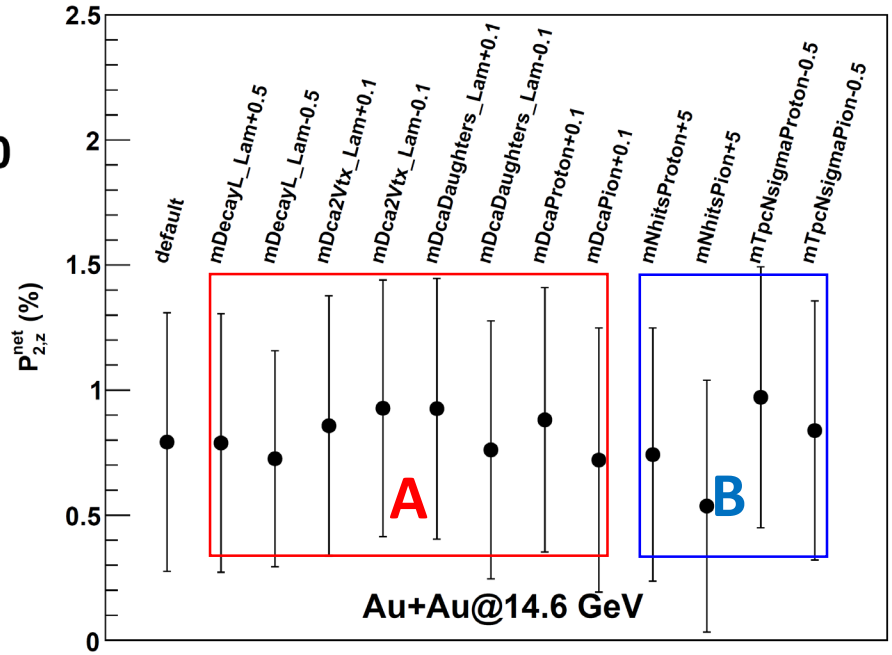
Part II: Measurement of Λ's local polarization Pz



A: Topo cuts

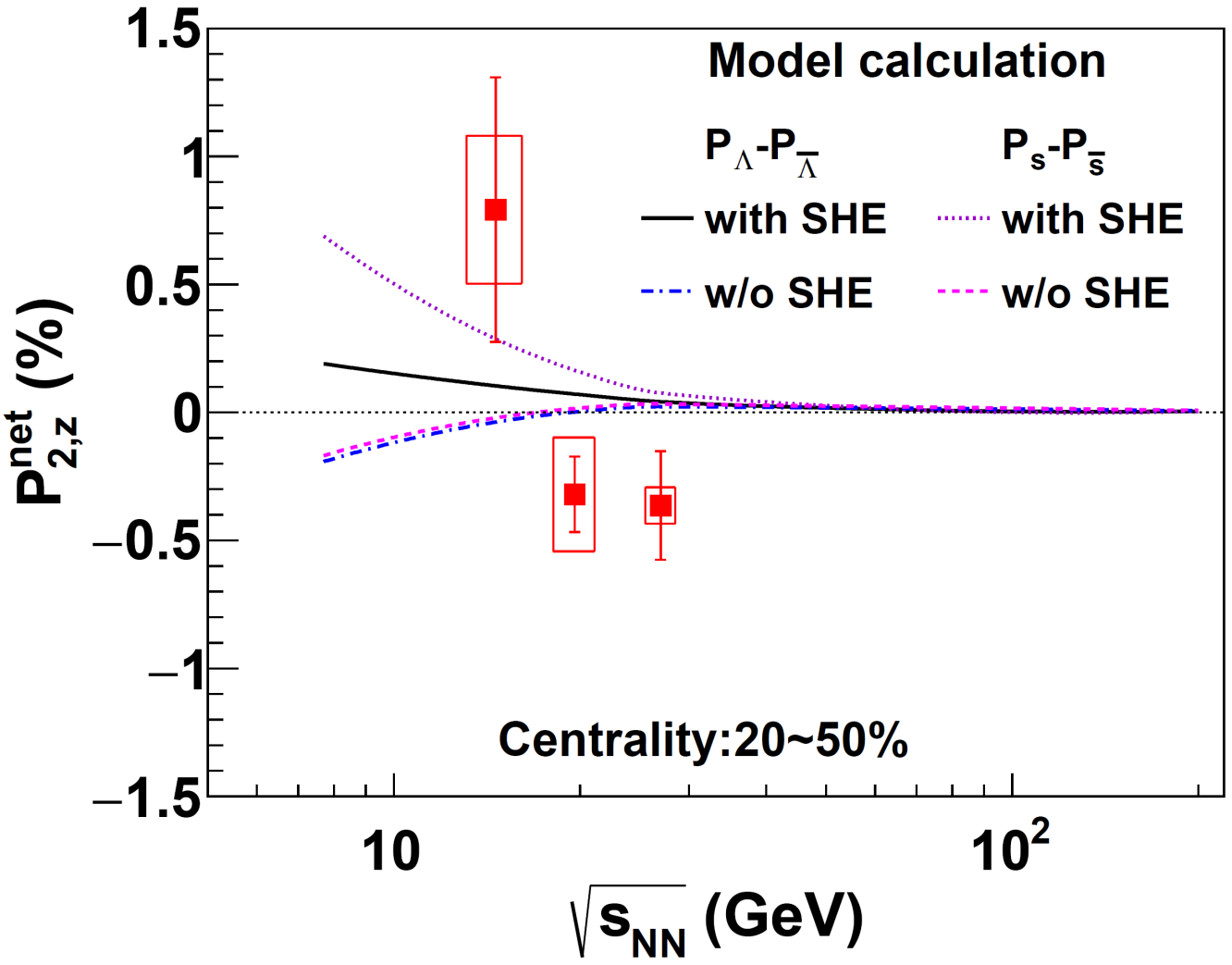
B: Track quality

$$\sigma_{sys.} = \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$$



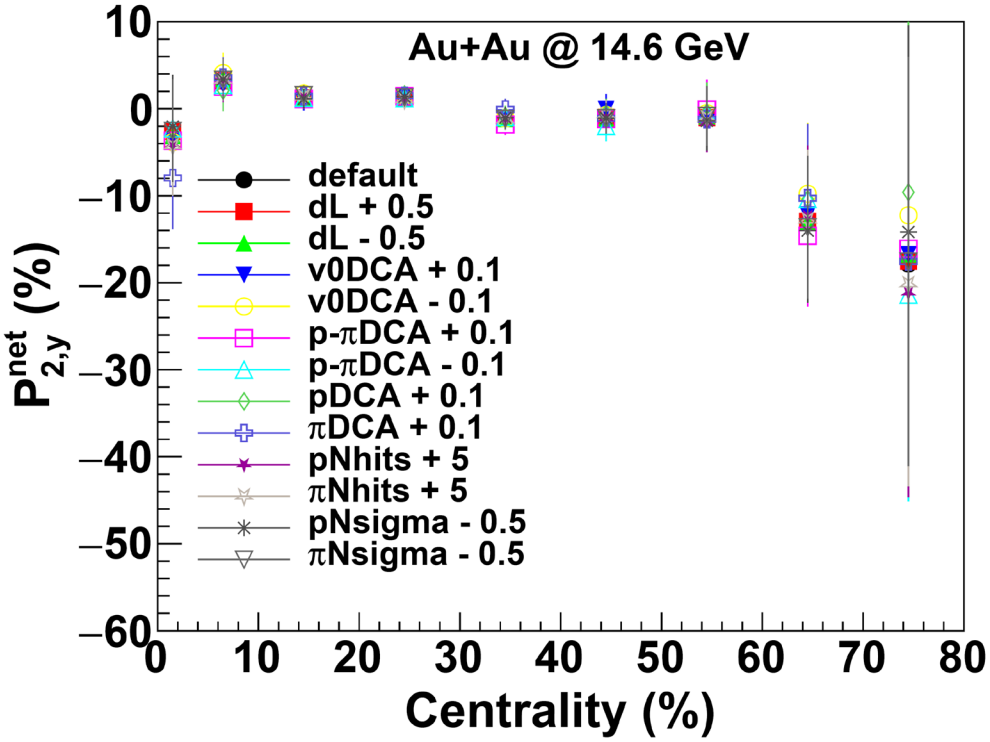
Part II: Measurement of Λ's local polarization Pz

Comparison of net local polarization $P^{net}_{2,z}$ with theory prediction



A hint of sign change is observed

Part II: Measurement of Λ's local polarization Py



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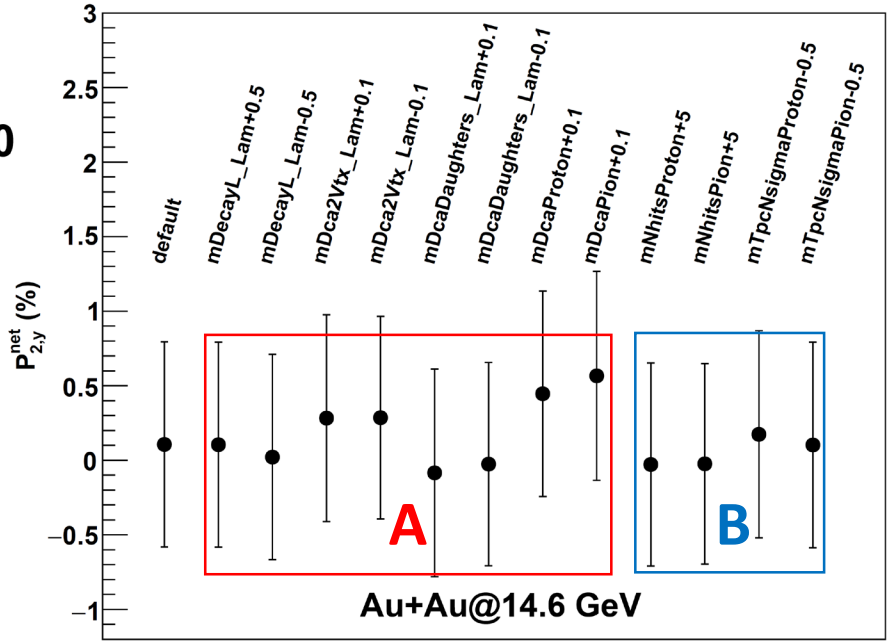
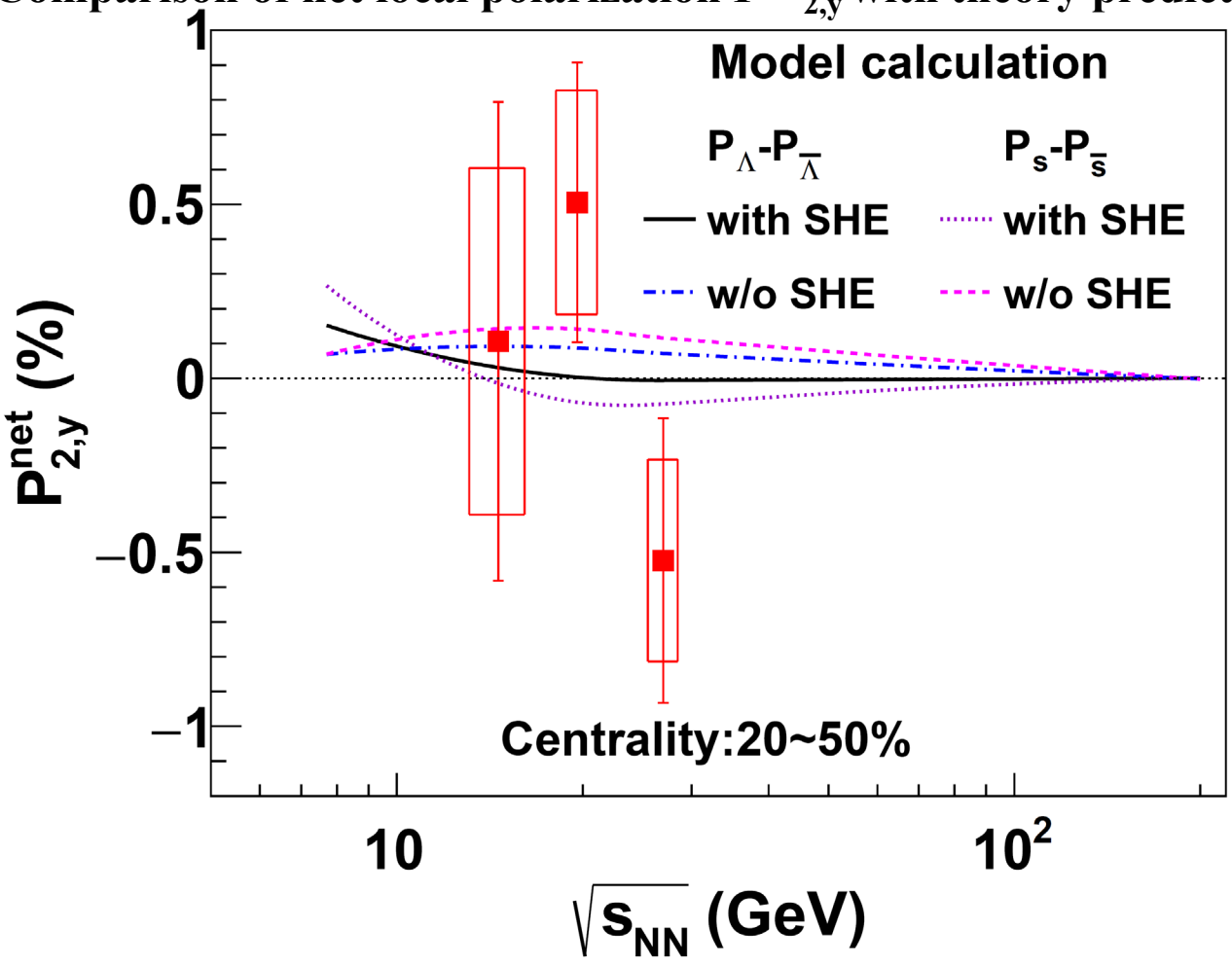


Part II: Measurement of Λ's local polarization Py

Comparison of net local polarization $P^{net}_{2,y}$ with theory prediction



$$P^{net}_{2,y} = -< P^{net}_{y}(\phi) cos2\phi >$$

$$\bar{P}_y = \frac{8}{\pi \alpha_\Lambda} \frac{1}{R^{(1)}_{EP} R^{(2)}_{EP}} \langle \sin\left(\phi^*_p - \psi_1\right) cos2(\phi^*_p - \psi_2) \rangle$$

A hint of sign change is observed

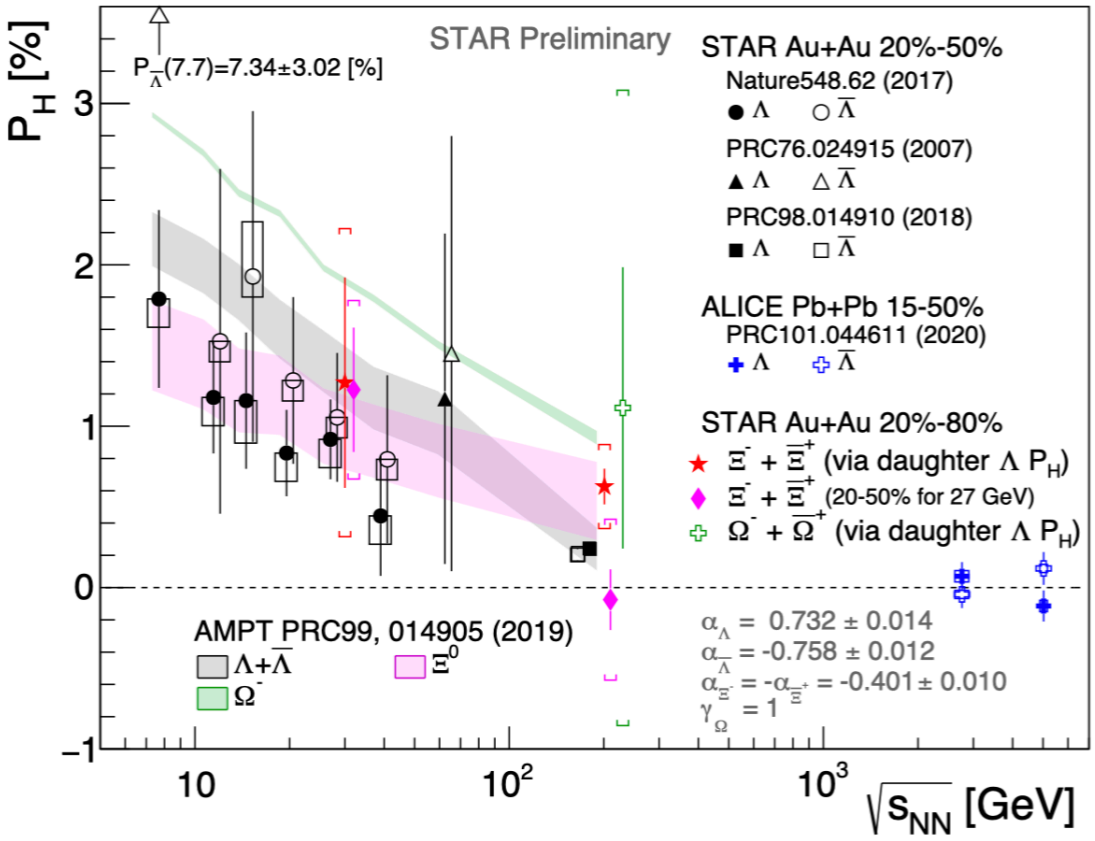
Summary

- ✓ First study of spin Hall effect by measuring net local polarization in Au+Au @ 14.6, 19.6 and 27 GeV
- ✓ The event plane resolutions at 14.6 GeV are obtained
- ✓ No significant centrality dependent of Pz has been observed
- ✓ Net local polarization $P_{2,z}^{net}$ and $P_{2,y}^{net}$ have been obtained
- ✓ A hit of sign change is observed for $P_{2,y}^{net}$ and $P_{2,z}^{net}$

Thank you for your attention!

Part I: Motivation

Global spin polarization of hyperons



$\Lambda \rightarrow p + \pi^-$

$\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p} + \pi^+$

$$\bar{P}_\Lambda = \frac{8}{\pi \alpha_\Lambda} \frac{1}{R_{EP}^{(1)}} \langle \sin(\psi_1 - \phi_p^*) \rangle$$

α_Λ: Λ's decay parameter

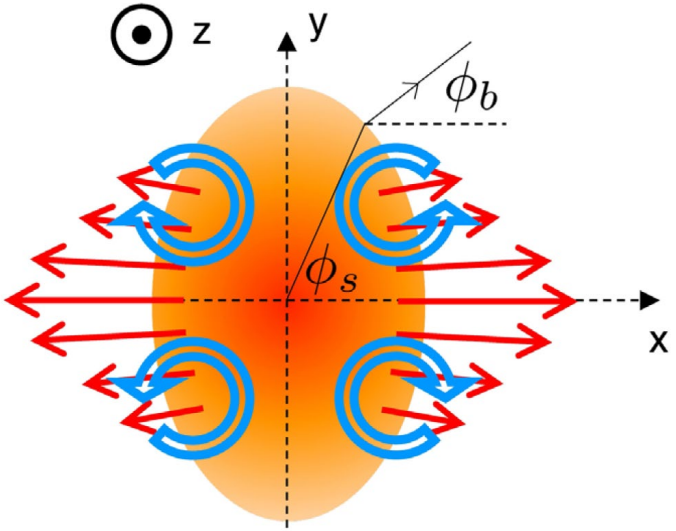
ϕ_p^*: the azimuthal angle of the daughter proton in Λ rest frame

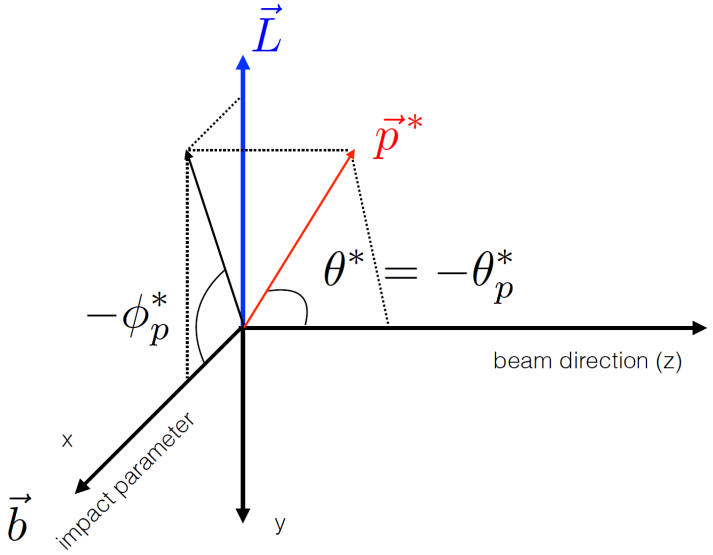
$P_{\Lambda, \Xi, \Omega}$ ~ Positive and non-zero across BES energies

→ Global nature of hyperon polarization in HIC

Part I: Motivation

Local spin polarization of hyperons





- Elliptic flow (stronger flow in-plane than out-of-plane) is expected to generate a longitudinal component of polarization (P_z)

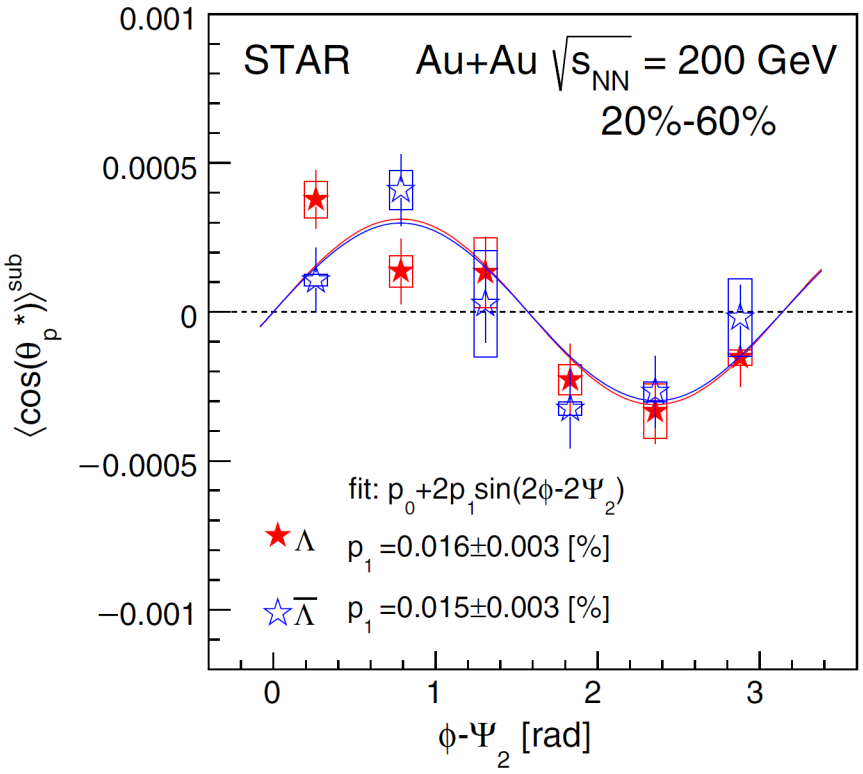
$$P_z = \frac{< cos\theta_p^* >}{\alpha_H < (cos\theta_p^*)^2 >}$$

θ*: angle between daughter proton momentum vector in Λ rest frame and polarization direction

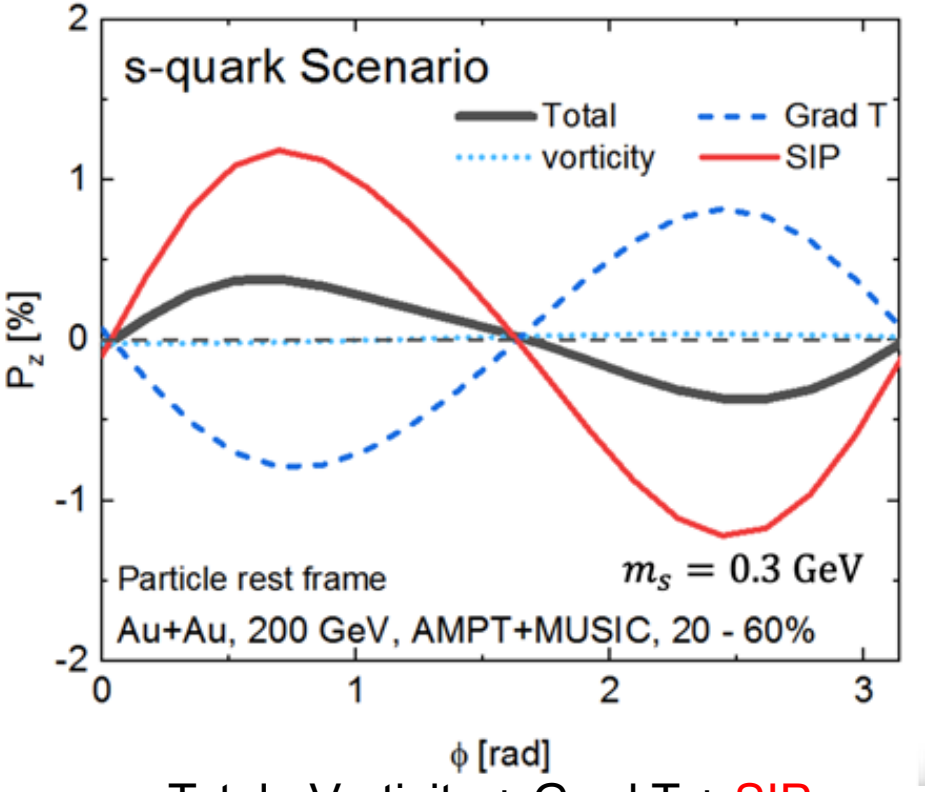
PRL 123,132301 (2019)

Part I: Motivation

Local spin polarization of hyperons



PRL 123,132301 (2019)



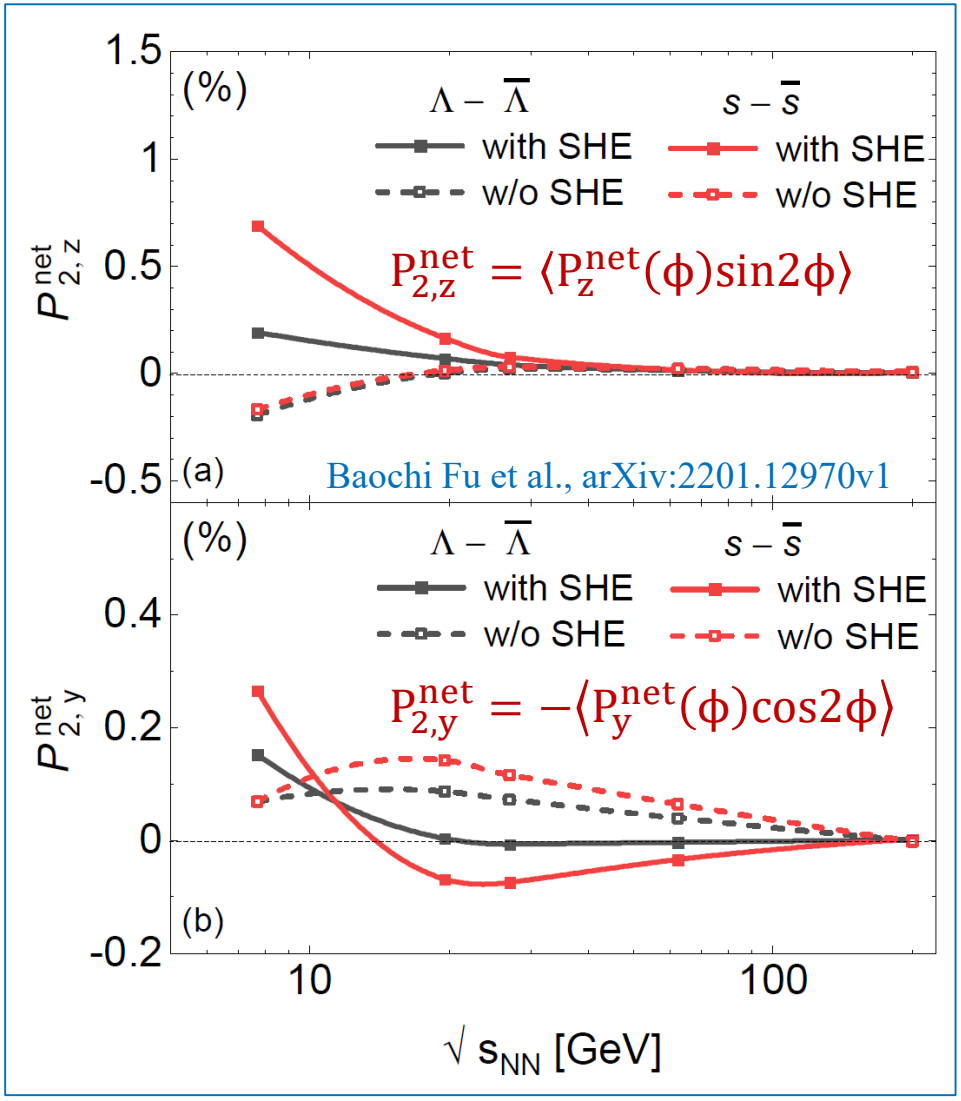
Total: Vorticity + Grad T + SIP

B. Fu, S. Liu et al. PRL 127,142301 (2021)

- **Observation of (P_z) in Au+Au 200 GeV**
- **Many models fail to capture trend with proper sign**
- **New developments, Shear Induced Polarization (SIP) can capture the trend**

Part I: Motivation

Baryonic Spin Hall Effect



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α_Λ: Λ's decay parameter

ϕ^*_p: the azimuthal angle of the daughter proton in Λ rest frame

θ^*: angle between daughter proton momentum vector in Λ rest frame and polarization direction

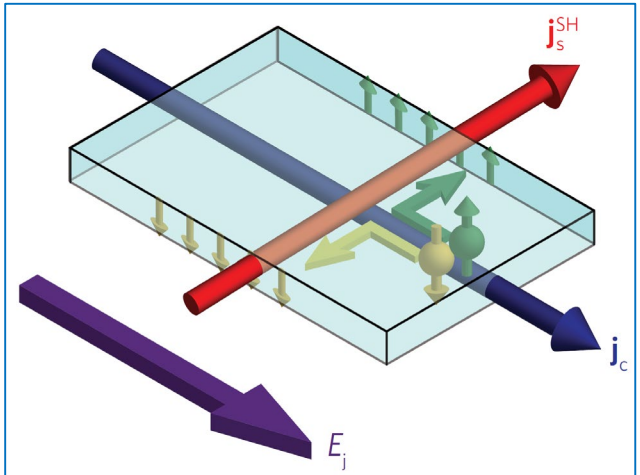
No investigation of proposed SHE in heavy ion collisions!

Part I: Motivation

Baryonic Spin Hall Effect

Spin Hall Effect in Condensed matter: $\boldsymbol{P \propto \pm p \times E}$

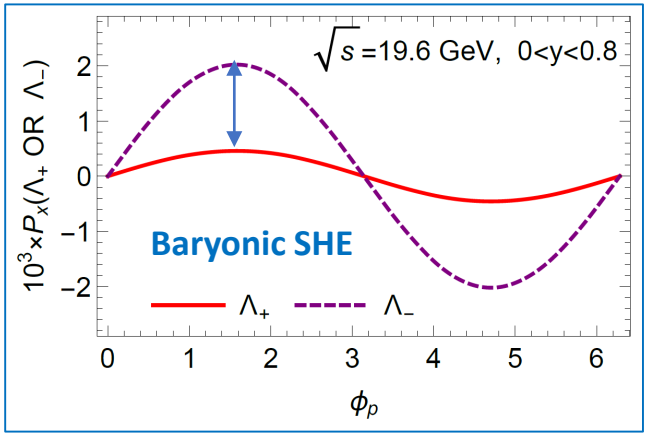
Electric field (E) → "Spin-orbit" interaction → **Splitting in spin in opposite directions**



Spin Hall effect, (1972) 2004

Spin Hall Effect in hot QCD matter: $\boldsymbol{P \propto \pm p \times \nabla \mu_B}$

Baryon density gradient ($\nabla \mu_B$) → "Spin-orbit" interaction → **Splitting in spin between Λ and anti-Λ local spin polarization**



S. Liu & Y. Yin, Phys. Rev. D 104 (2021) 054043 (IMP,CAS)

Barlow test for systematic uncertainty

- Calculate the difference between the value(P) and statistic(σ) error:

$$\Delta_P^2 = (P_{default} - P_{vary})^2 \quad (1)$$

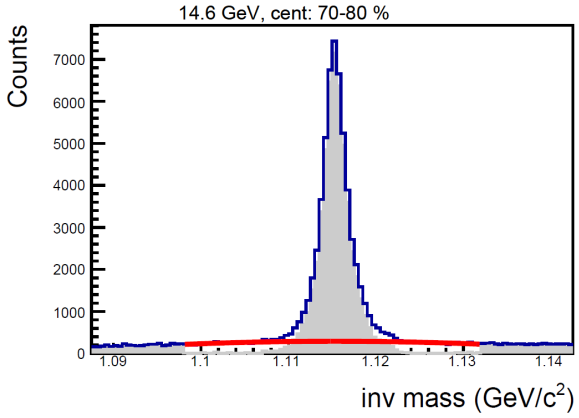
$$\Delta_\sigma^2 = \sigma_{default}^2 - \sigma_{vary}^2 \quad (2)$$

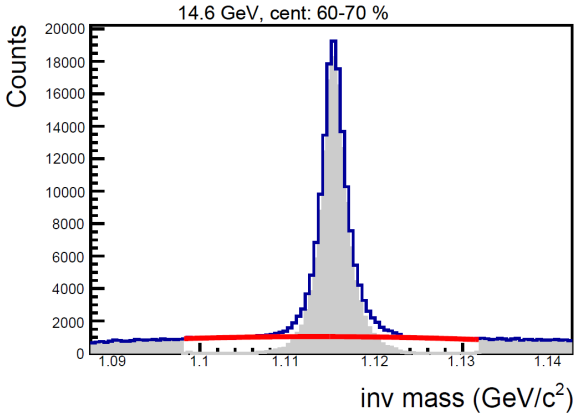
- Compare the difference between Δ_P^2 and Δ_σ^2
  If $\Delta_P^2 < \Delta_\sigma^2$, $\sigma_{sys}^2 = 0$
  If $\Delta_P^2 > \Delta_\sigma^2$, $\sigma_{sys}^2 = \Delta_P^2 - \Delta_\sigma^2$
- If one vary two times for the same cut, then the systematic uncertainty due to this cut is(like DCA):

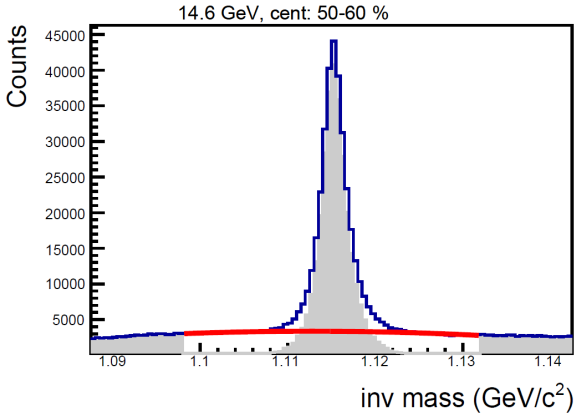
$$\sigma_{dca}^2 = (\sigma_{dca1}^2 + \sigma_{dca1}^2)/2 \quad (3)$$

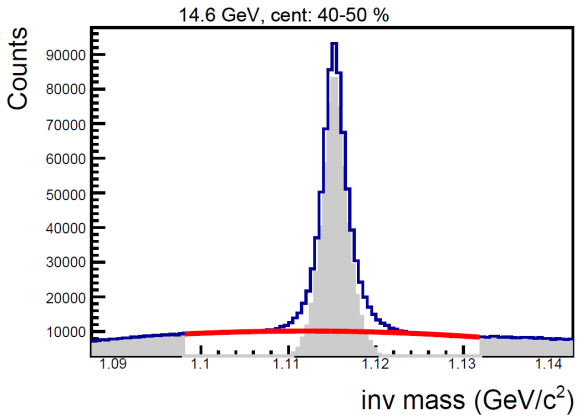
- Once all uncertainty sources are checked, one can get the total systematic uncertainty:

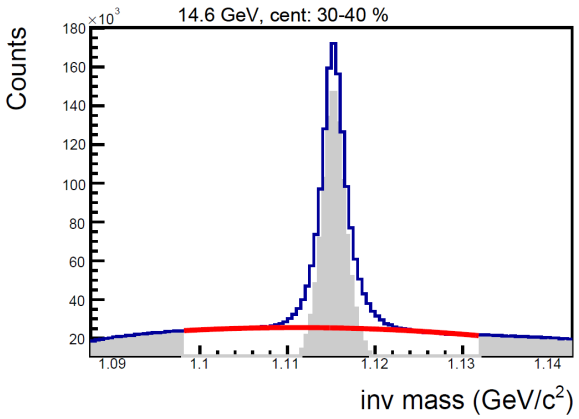
$$\sigma_{total}^2 = \sum_i \sigma_{variation_i}^2 \quad (4)$$

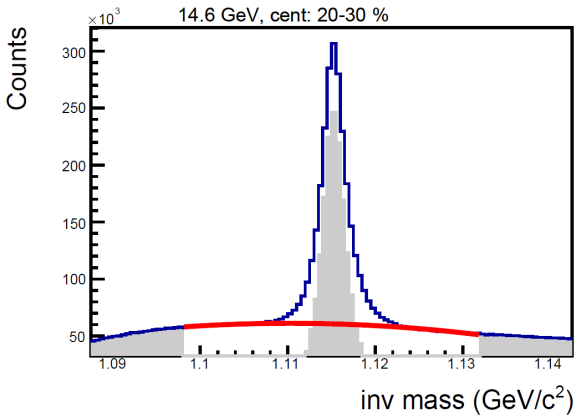

14.6 GeV, cent: 70-80 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

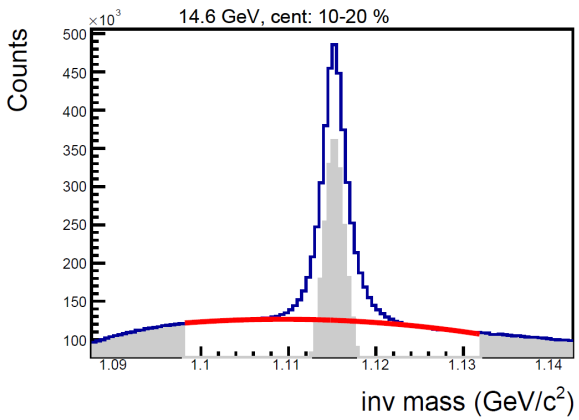

14.6 GeV, cent: 60-70 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

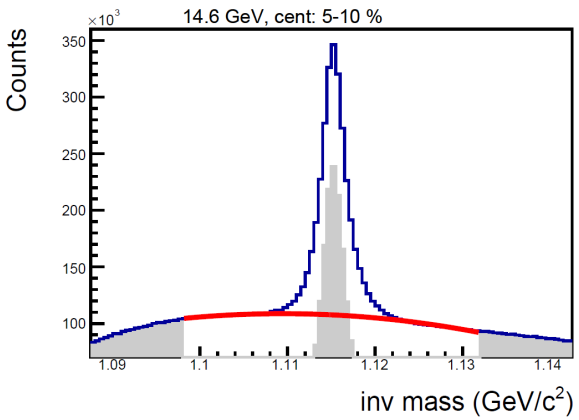

14.6 GeV, cent: 50-60 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

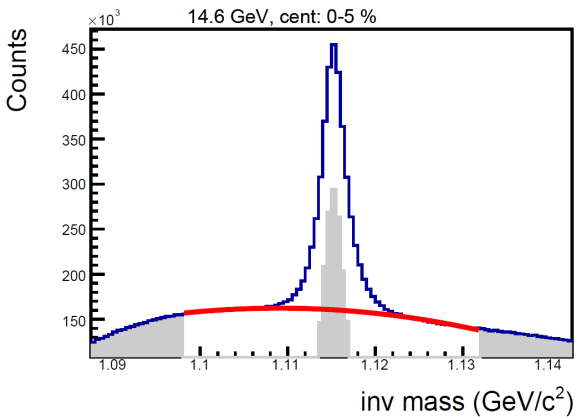

14.6 GeV, cent: 40-50 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

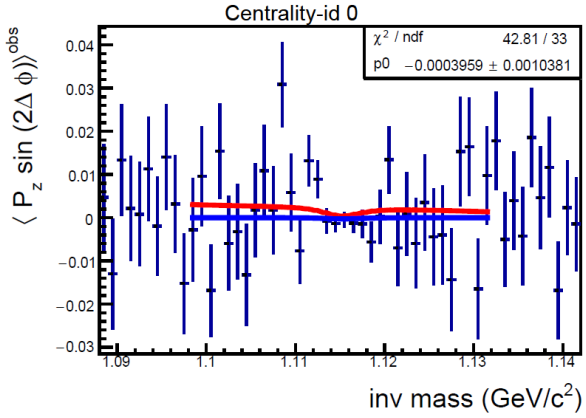

14.6 GeV, cent: 30-40 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

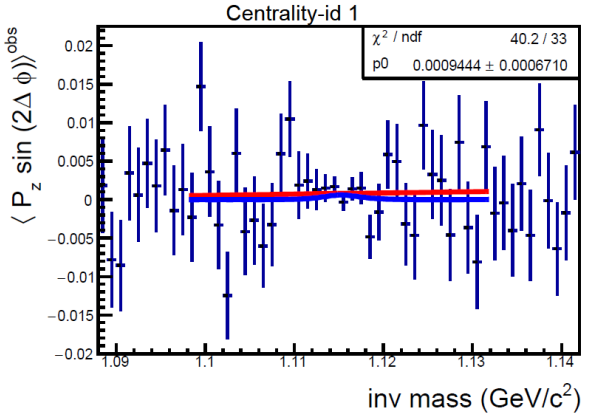

14.6 GeV, cent: 20-30 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

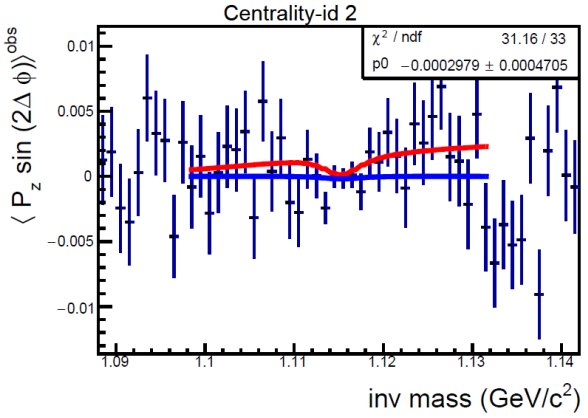

14.6 GeV, cent: 10-20 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

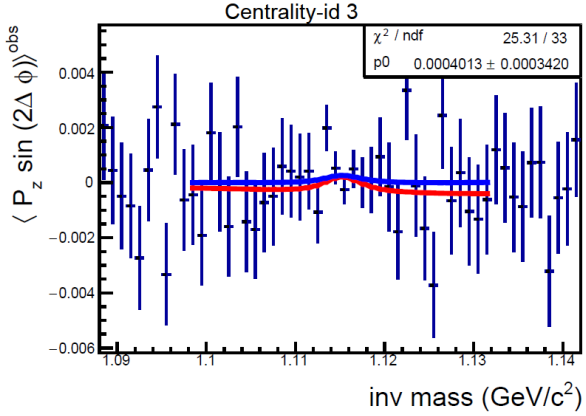

14.6 GeV, cent: 5-10 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

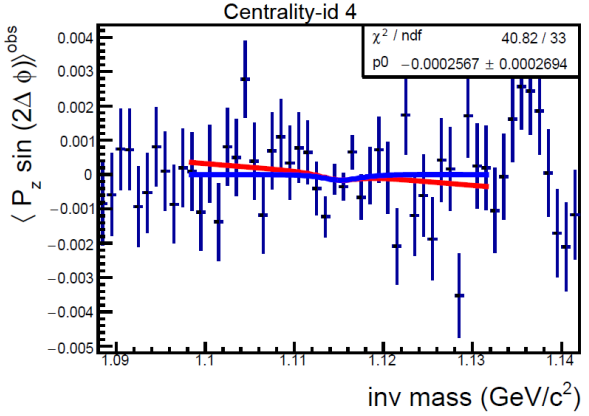

14.6 GeV, cent: 0-5 %
Counts
inv mass (GeV/c^2)

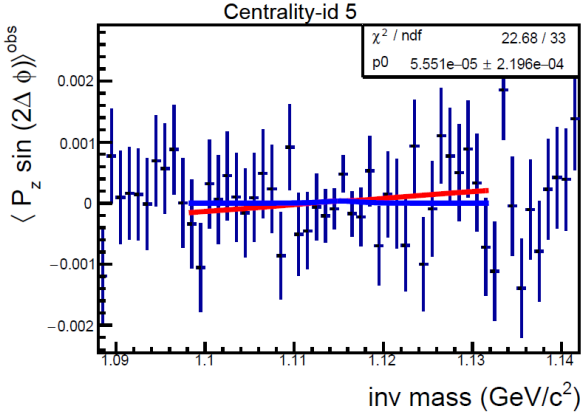

Centrality-id 0
χ² / ndf 42.81 / 33
p0 −0.0003959 ± 0.0010381
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)

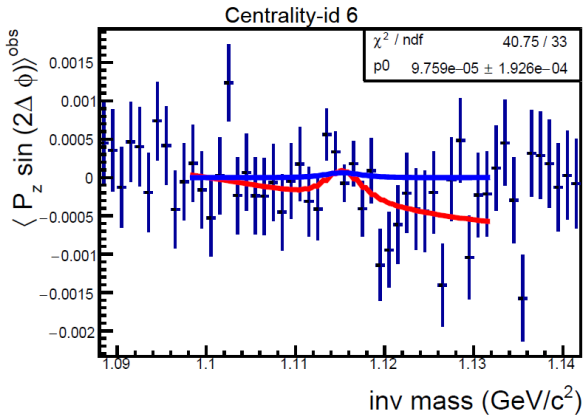

Centrality-id 1
χ² / ndf 40.2 / 33
p0 0.0009444 ± 0.0006710
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)

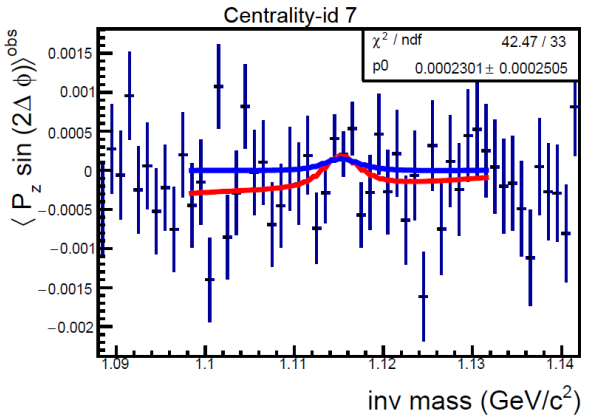

Centrality-id 2
χ² / ndf 31.16 / 33
p0 −0.0002979 ± 0.0004705
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)

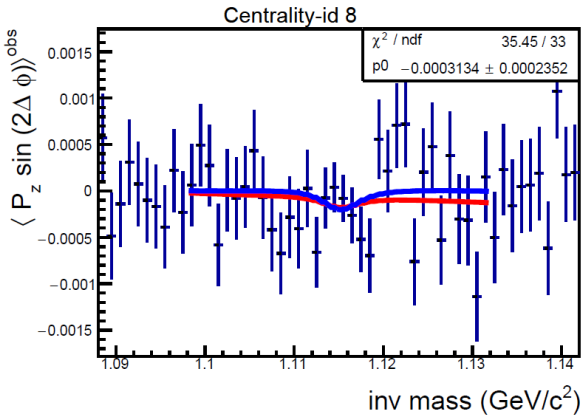

Centrality-id 3
χ² / ndf 25.31 / 33
p0 0.0004013 ± 0.0003420
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)


Centrality-id 4
χ² / ndf 40.82 / 33
p0 −0.0002567 ± 0.0002694
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)

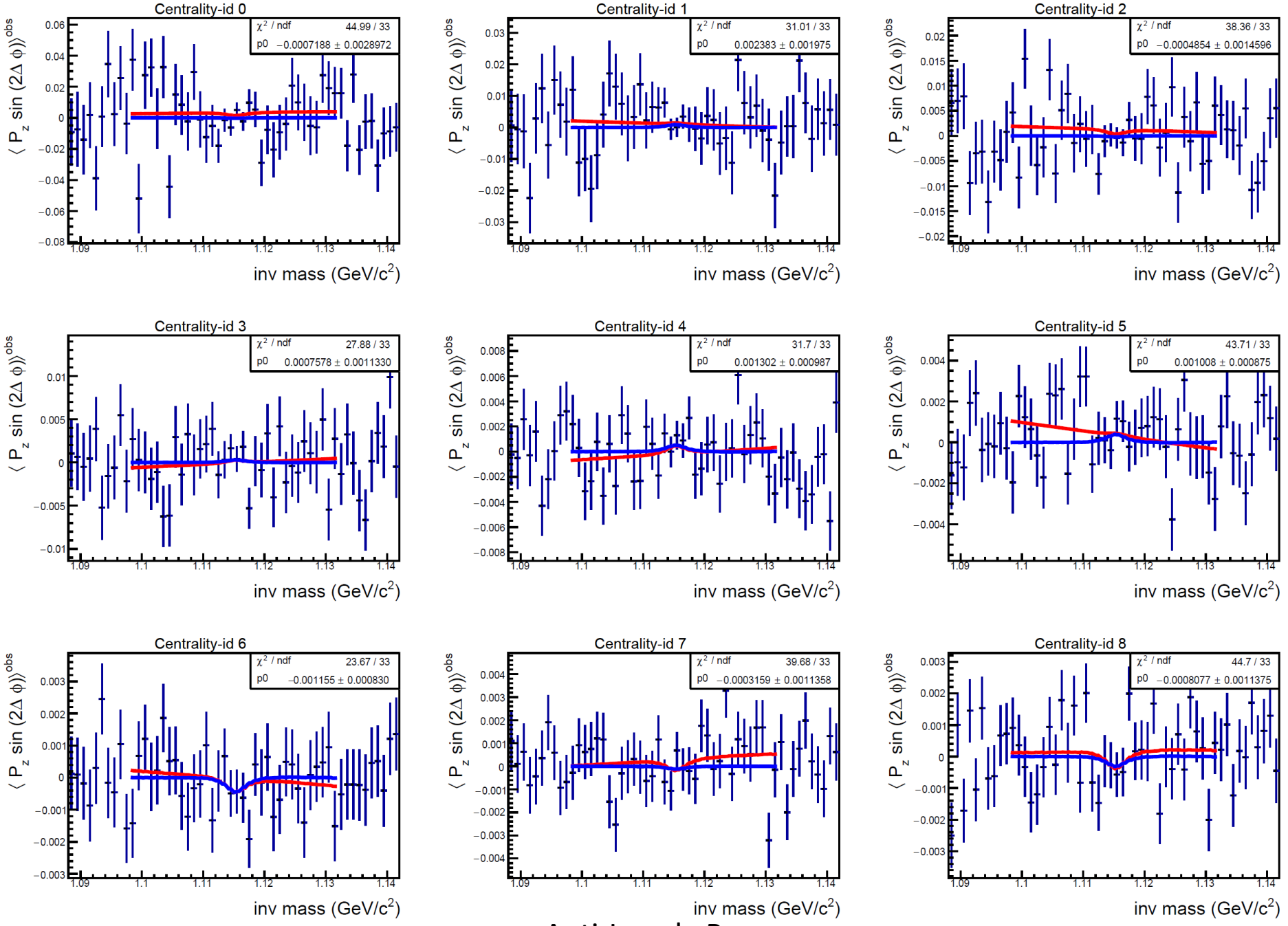

Centrality-id 5
χ² / ndf 22.68 / 33
p0 5.551e−05 ± 2.196e−04
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)


Centrality-id 6
χ² / ndf 40.75 / 33
p0 9.759e−05 ± 1.926e−04
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)

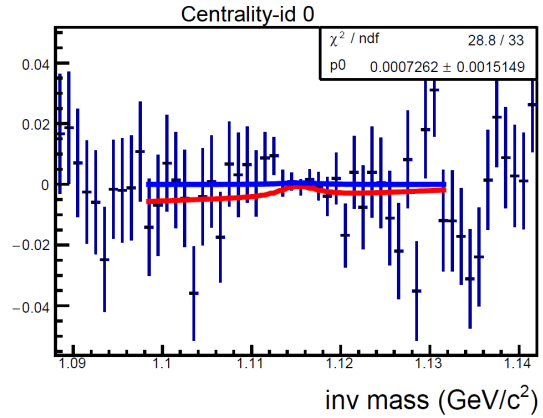

Centrality-id 7
χ² / ndf 42.47 / 33
p0 0.0002301 ± 0.0002505
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)

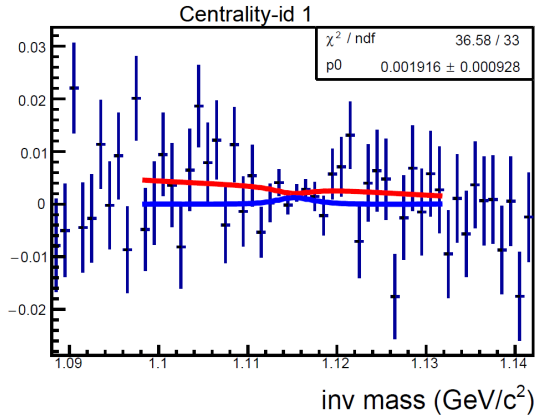

Centrality-id 8
χ² / ndf 35.45 / 33
p0 −0.0003134 ± 0.0002352
⟨ P_z sin (2Δ φ)⟩^obs
inv mass (GeV/c²)

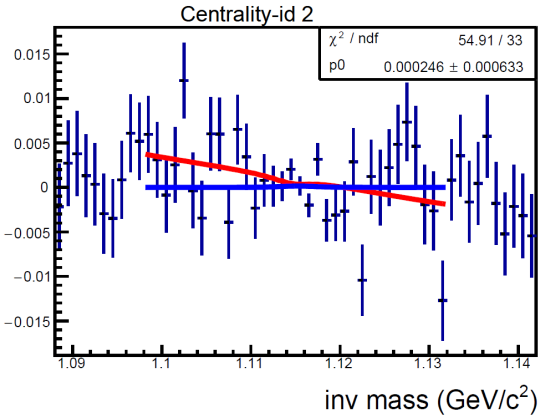
Lamda Pz

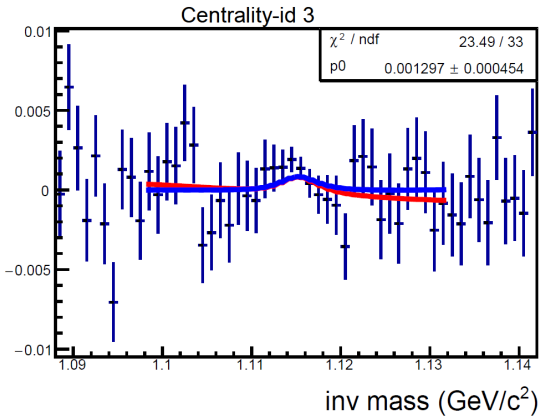


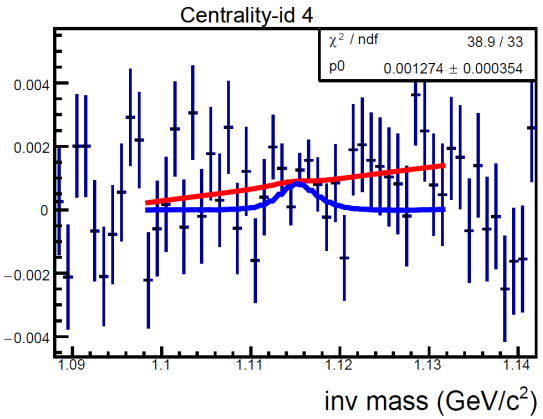
Anti-Lamda Pz

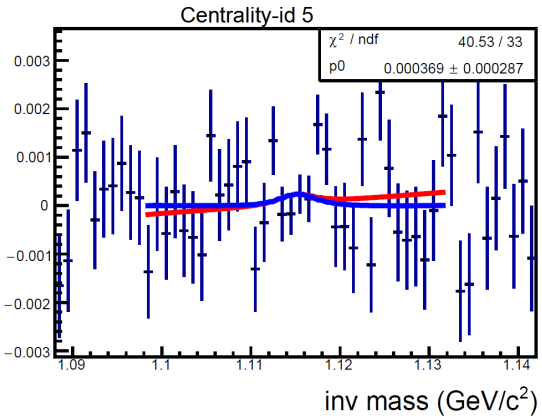

Centrality-id 0
χ² / ndf 28.8 / 33
p0 0.0007262 ± 0.0015149
inv mass (GeV/c²)

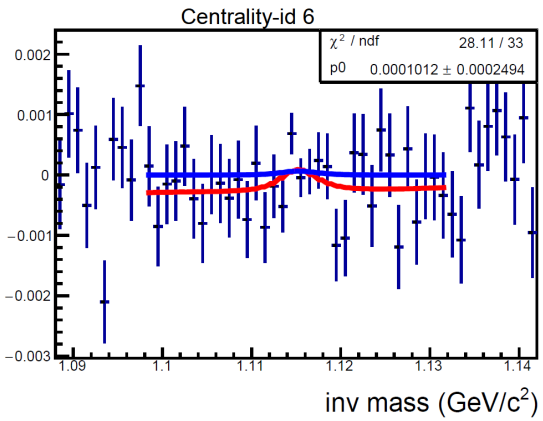

Centrality-id 1
χ² / ndf 36.58 / 33
p0 0.001916 ± 0.000928
inv mass (GeV/c²)

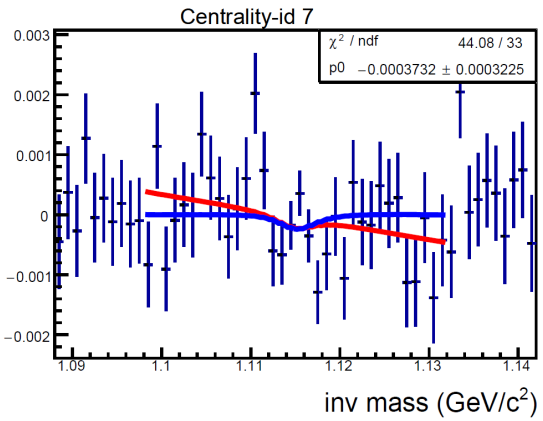

Centrality-id 2
χ² / ndf 54.91 / 33
p0 0.000246 ± 0.000633
inv mass (GeV/c²)

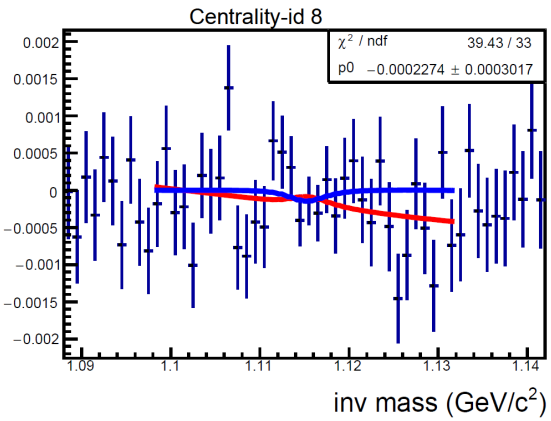

Centrality-id 3
χ² / ndf 23.49 / 33
p0 0.001297 ± 0.000454
inv mass (GeV/c²)

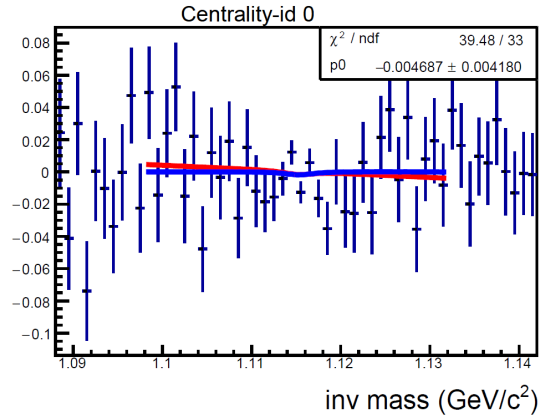

Centrality-id 4
χ² / ndf 38.9 / 33
p0 0.001274 ± 0.000354
inv mass (GeV/c²)

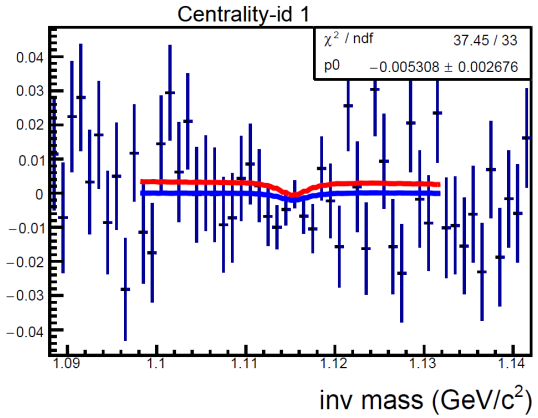

Centrality-id 5
χ² / ndf 40.53 / 33
p0 0.000369 ± 0.000287
inv mass (GeV/c²)

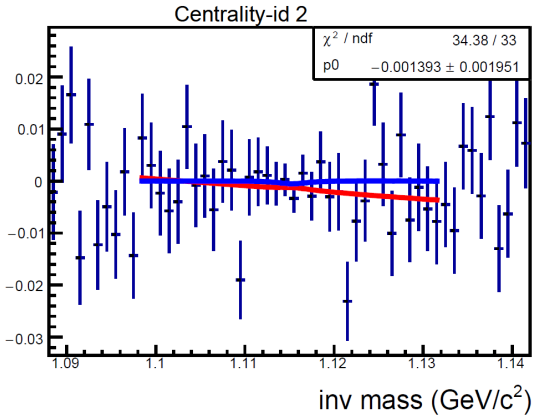

Centrality-id 6
χ² / ndf 28.11 / 33
p0 0.0001012 ± 0.0002494
inv mass (GeV/c²)

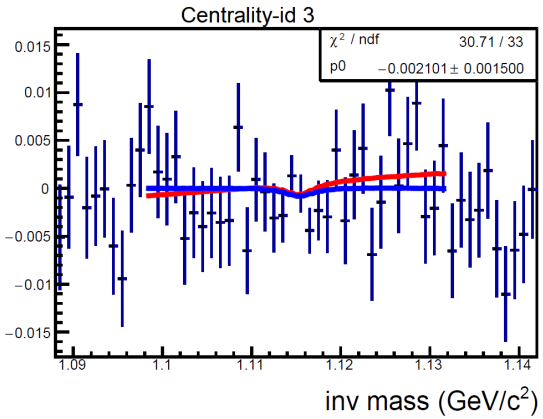

Centrality-id 7
χ² / ndf 44.08 / 33
p0 −0.0003732 ± 0.0003225
inv mass (GeV/c²)

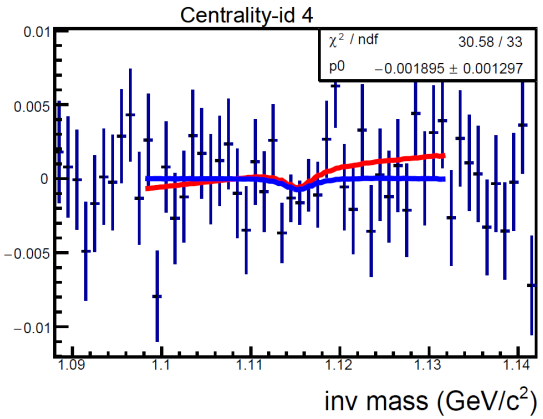

Centrality-id 8
χ² / ndf 39.43 / 33
p0 −0.0002274 ± 0.0003017
inv mass (GeV/c²)

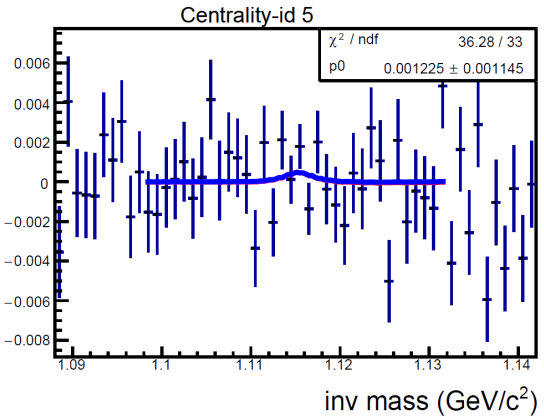

Centrality-id 0
χ² / ndf 39.48 / 33
p0 −0.004687 ± 0.004180
inv mass (GeV/c²)

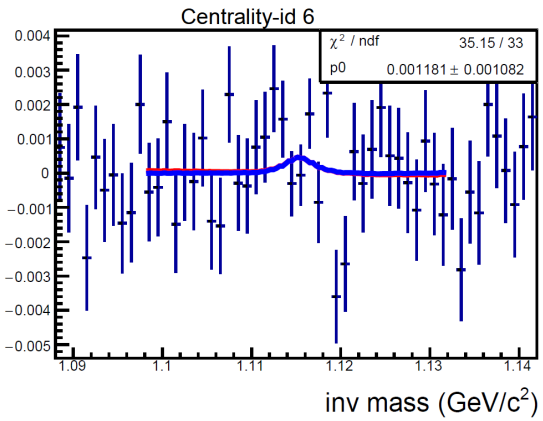

Centrality-id 1
χ² / ndf 37.45 / 33
p0 −0.005308 ± 0.002676
inv mass (GeV/c²)

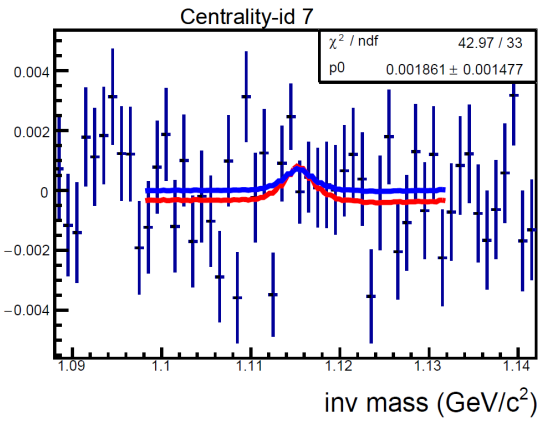

Centrality-id 2
χ² / ndf 34.38 / 33
p0 −0.001393 ± 0.001951
inv mass (GeV/c²)

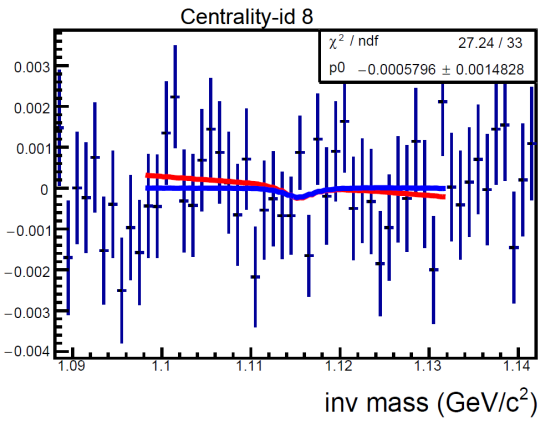

Centrality-id 3
χ² / ndf 30.71 / 33
p0 −0.002101 ± 0.001500
inv mass (GeV/c²)


Centrality-id 4
χ² / ndf 30.58 / 33
p0 −0.001895 ± 0.001297
inv mass (GeV/c²)


Centrality-id 5
χ² / ndf 36.28 / 33
p0 0.001225 ± 0.001145
inv mass (GeV/c²)


Centrality-id 6
χ² / ndf 35.15 / 33
p0 0.001181 ± 0.001082
inv mass (GeV/c²)


Centrality-id 7
χ² / ndf 42.97 / 33
p0 0.001861 ± 0.001477
inv mass (GeV/c²)


Centrality-id 8
χ² / ndf 27.24 / 33
p0 −0.0005796 ± 0.0014828
inv mass (GeV/c²)