



# Measurements of $J/\psi$ production in Ru+Ru and Zr+Zr collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} =$ 200 GeV from STAR experiment

**Qian Yang (杨钱)**  
(for the STAR Collaboration)  
Shandong University



# Outline

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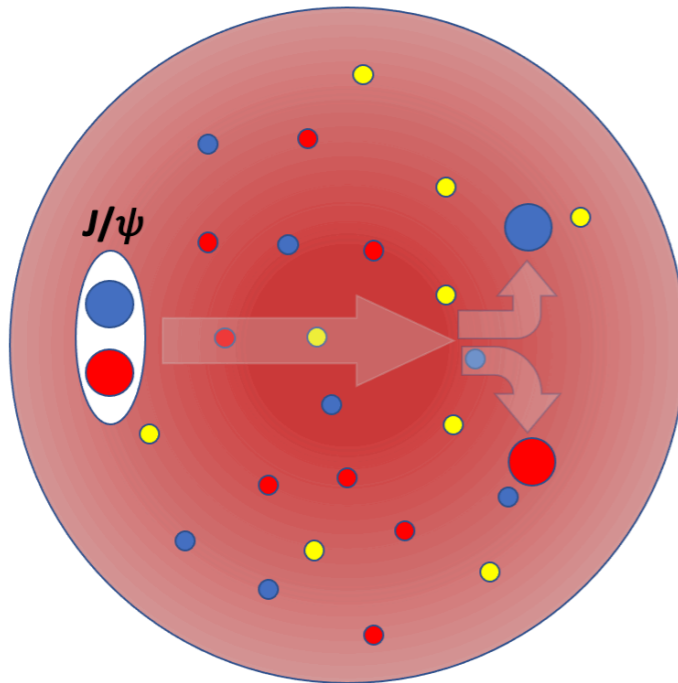
- **Motivation**
- **STAR experiment**
- **J/ $\psi$   $R_{AA}$  measurement**
- **J/ $\psi$  elliptic flow measurement**
- **Summary**

# Motivation

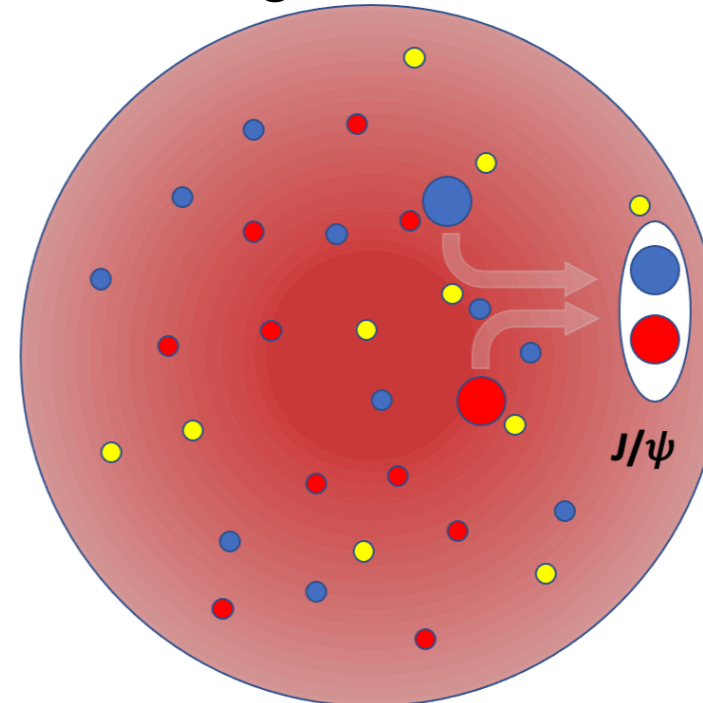
$J/\psi$  is a sensitive probe to study the properties of QGP

- heavy mass ( $m_c = \sim 1.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ )  $\rightarrow$  early creation
- long lifetime

dissociation



regeneration



Two key observables to probe properties of QGP:

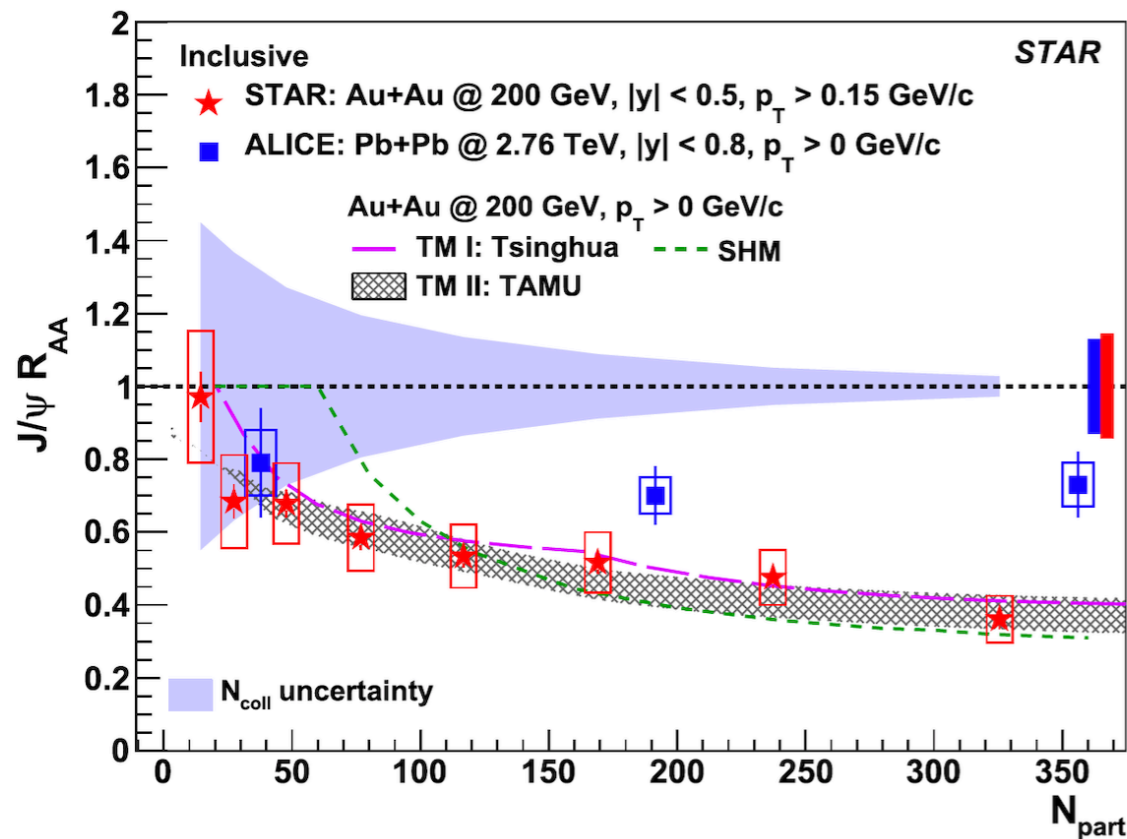
- $J/\psi R_{AA} \rightarrow$  dissociation and regeneration
- $J/\psi v_2 \rightarrow$  charm quark thermalization and regeneration

} **System size dependence**

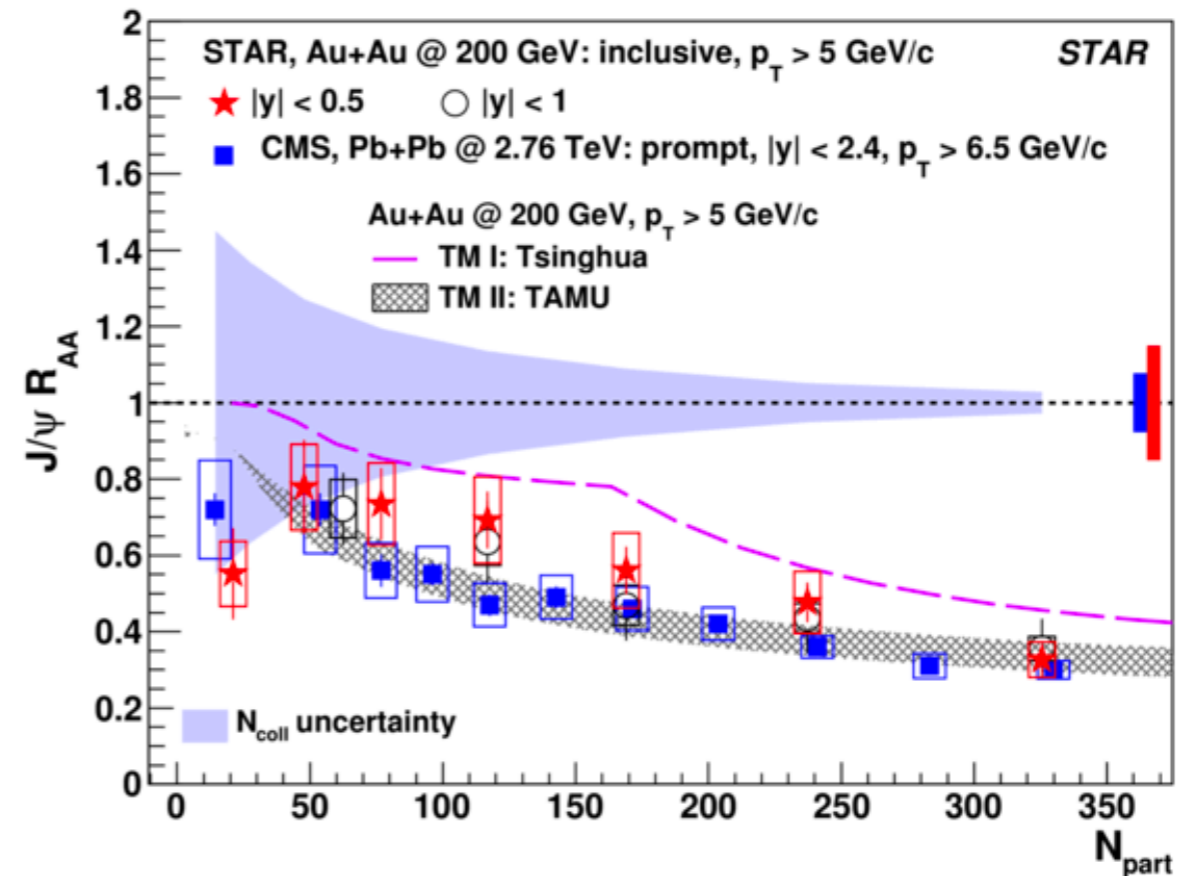


# Motivation-I

$p_T > 0$  GeV/c



$p_T > 5$  GeV/c

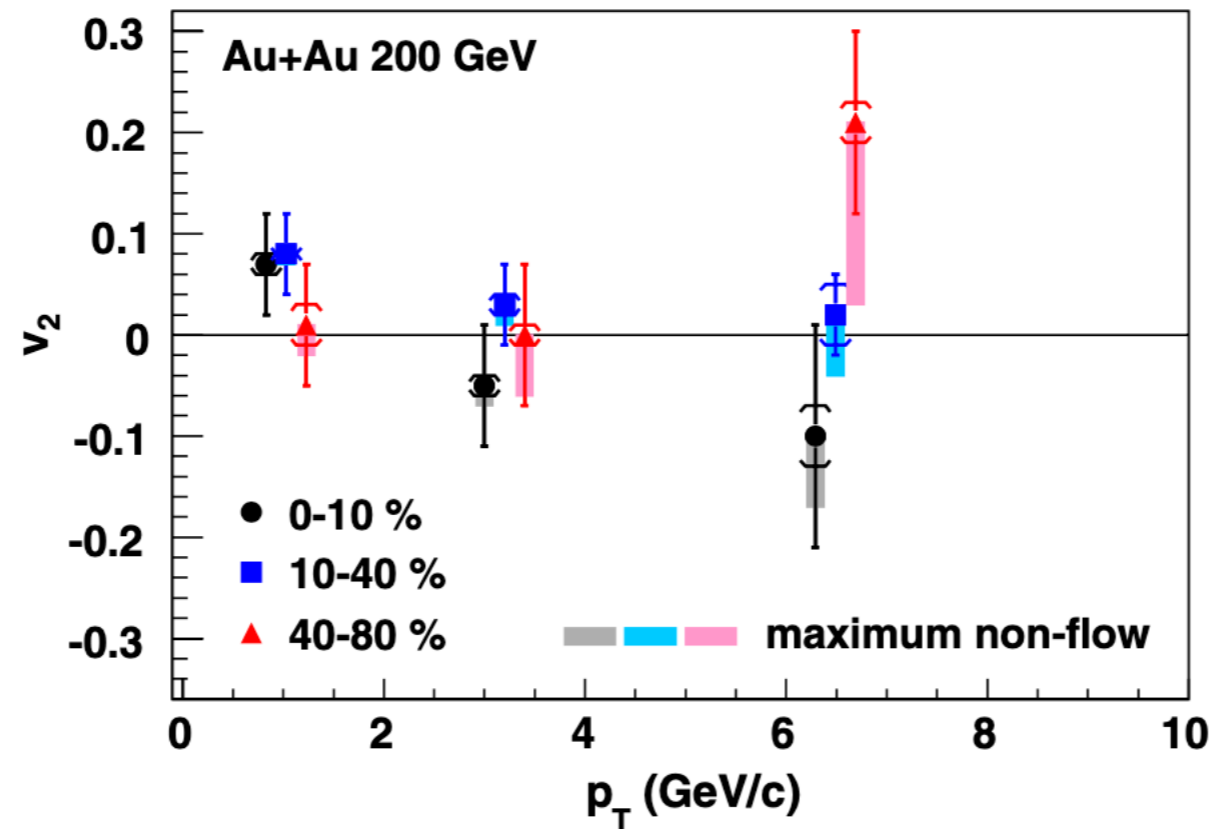


STAR PLB,797 (2019)134917

- Regeneration effect is important at LHC energy
- Does it important at RHIC top energy and How it affect by the collision system size?



# Motivation-II



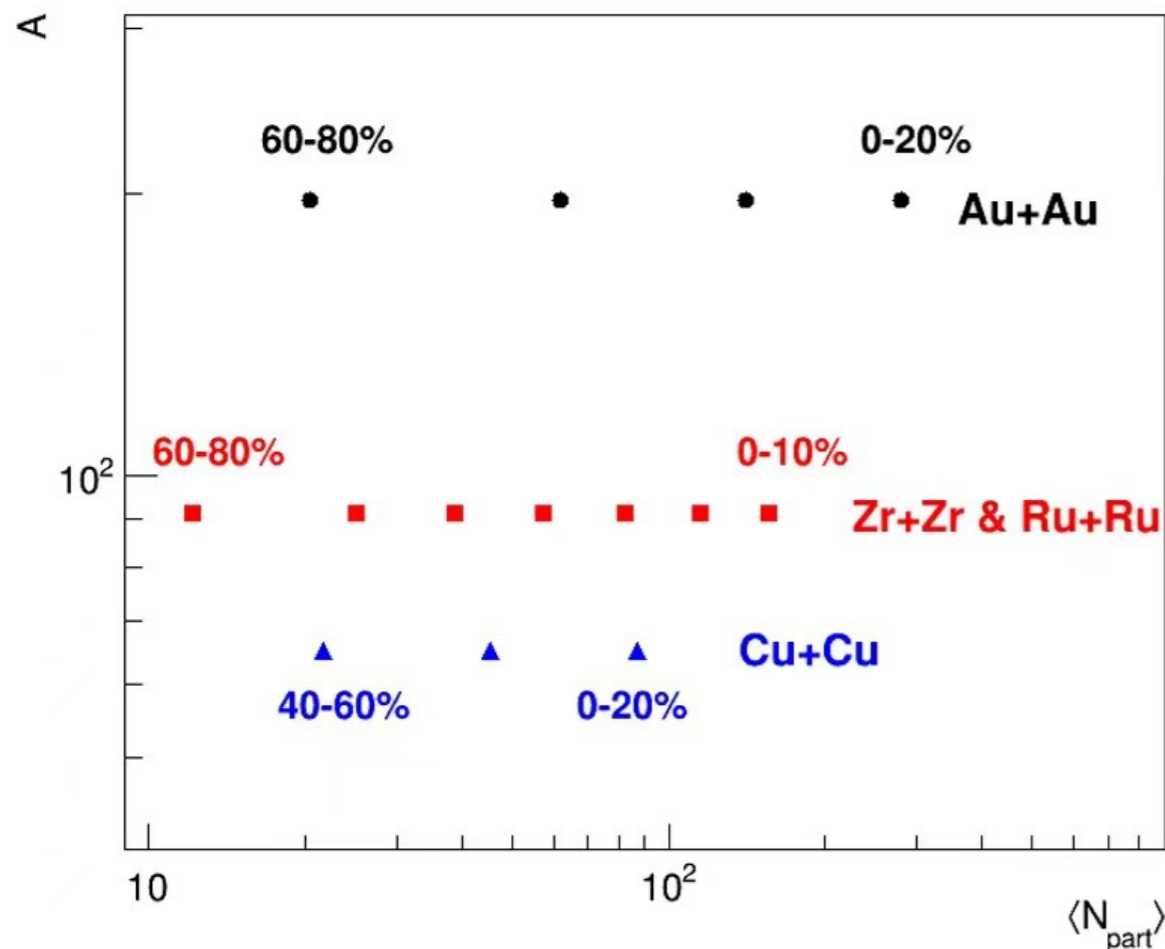
STAR, PRL 111, 052301 (2013)

- $J/\psi$  elliptic flow is consistent with zero but with sizable statistical uncertainties and non-flow contribution in Au+Au system
  - Does  $J/\psi$  have non zero elliptic flow at RHIC energy?
- How  $J/\psi$  elliptic flow be established from small to large collision system?
  - crucial to control non-flow contribution at small collision system



# Isobar collisions

Unique opportunity to measure the  $J/\psi$  spectra and  $v_2$  precisely, and study the system size dependence in isobar collisions ( ${}^{92}_{44}\text{Ru} + {}^{92}_{44}\text{Ru}$  and  ${}^{92}_{40}\text{Zr} + {}^{92}_{40}\text{Zr}$ ) at STAR



- A moderate size collision system
  - between Au+Au and Cu+Cu system
- Large isobar collisions sample
  - ~4B good minimum bias
- Event Plane Detector
  - help to pin-down non-flow contribution

# The Solenoidal Tracker at RHIC



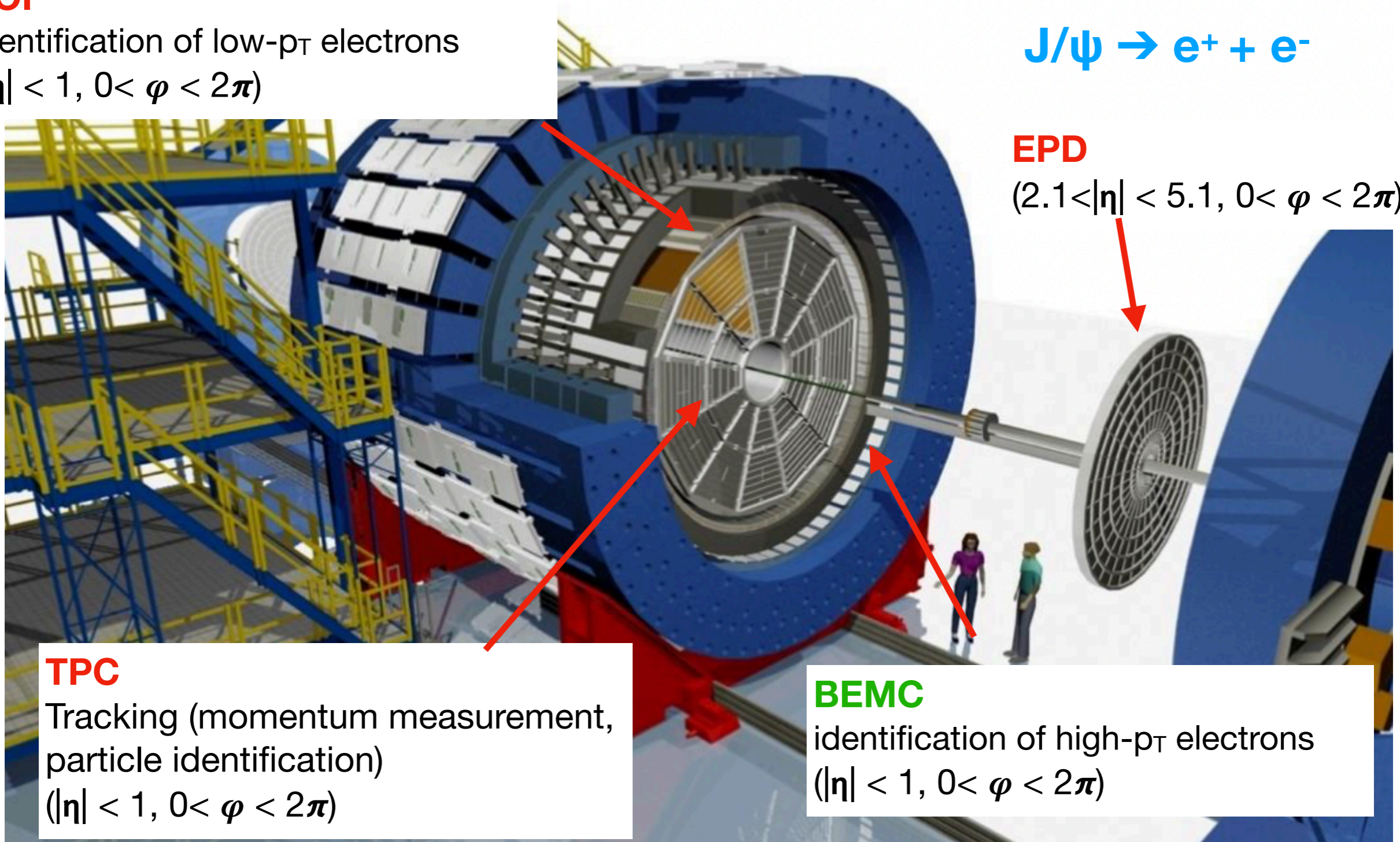
## TOF

identification of low- $p_T$  electrons  
( $|\eta| < 1, 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$ )

$J/\psi \rightarrow e^+ + e^-$

## EPD

( $2.1 < |\eta| < 5.1, 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$ )



## TPC

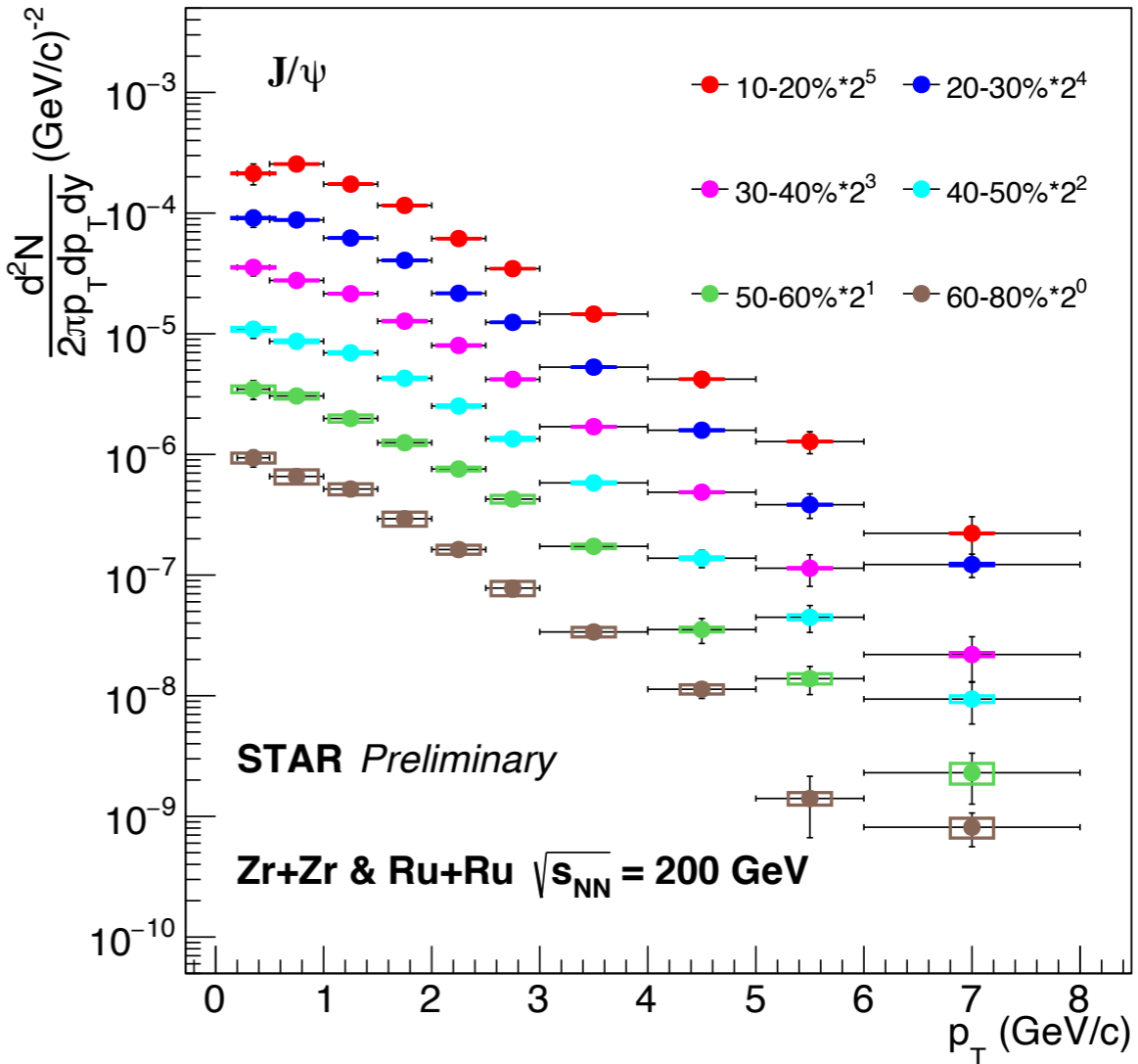
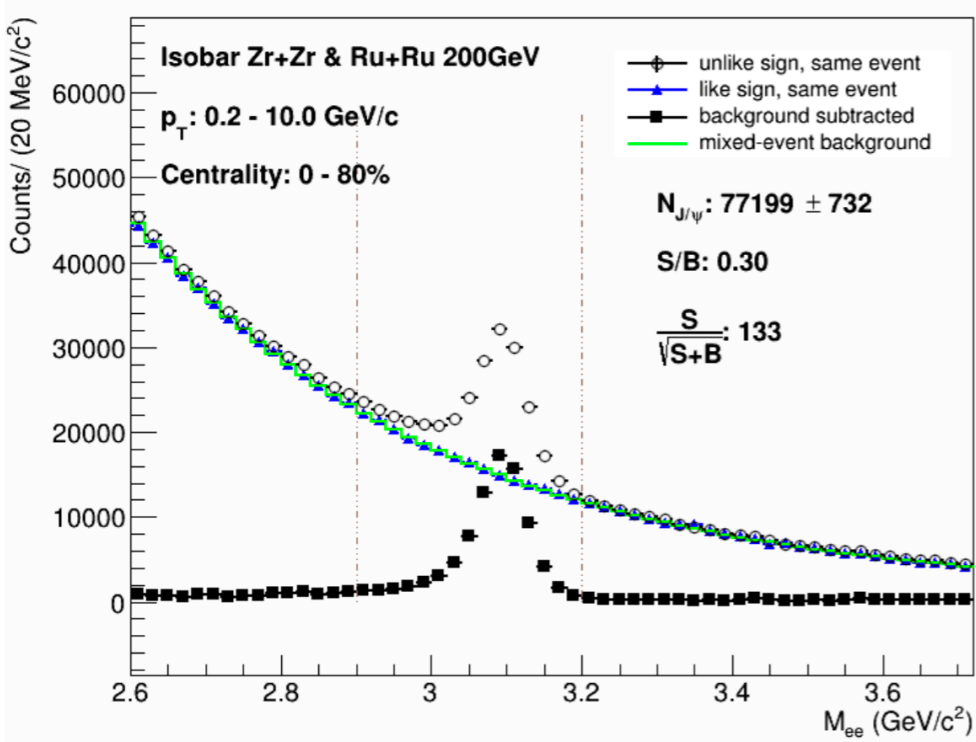
Tracking (momentum measurement,  
particle identification)  
( $|\eta| < 1, 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$ )

## BEMC

identification of high- $p_T$  electrons  
( $|\eta| < 1, 0 < \varphi < 2\pi$ )



# J/ψ reconstruction

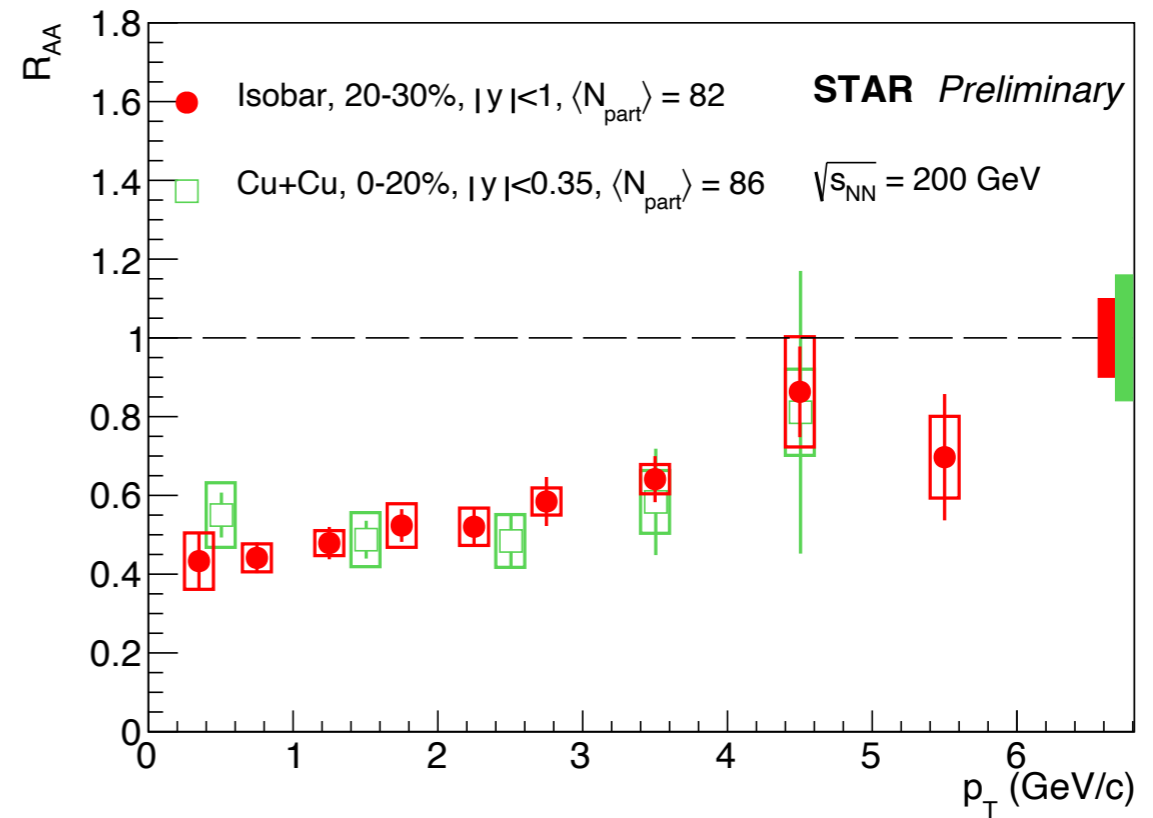
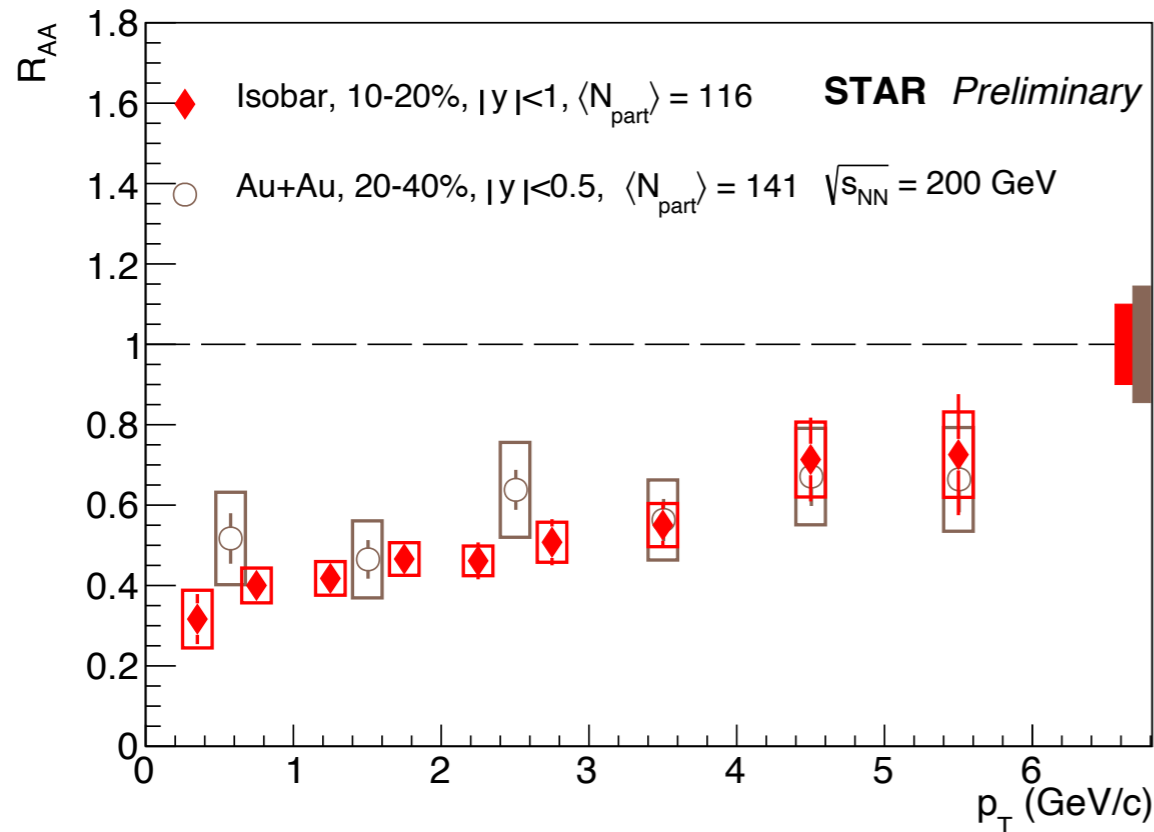


- Largest J/ψ sample at RHIC to date
  - Highest precision measurement
  - More differential measurement simultaneously





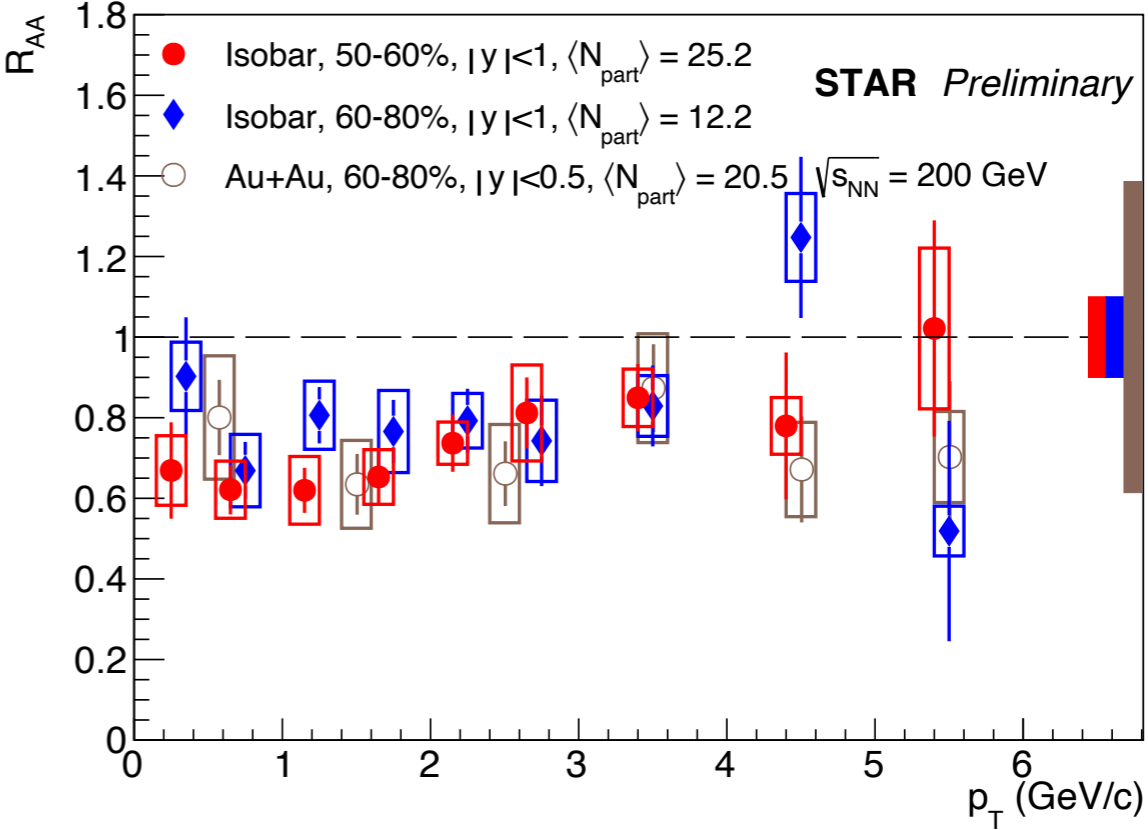
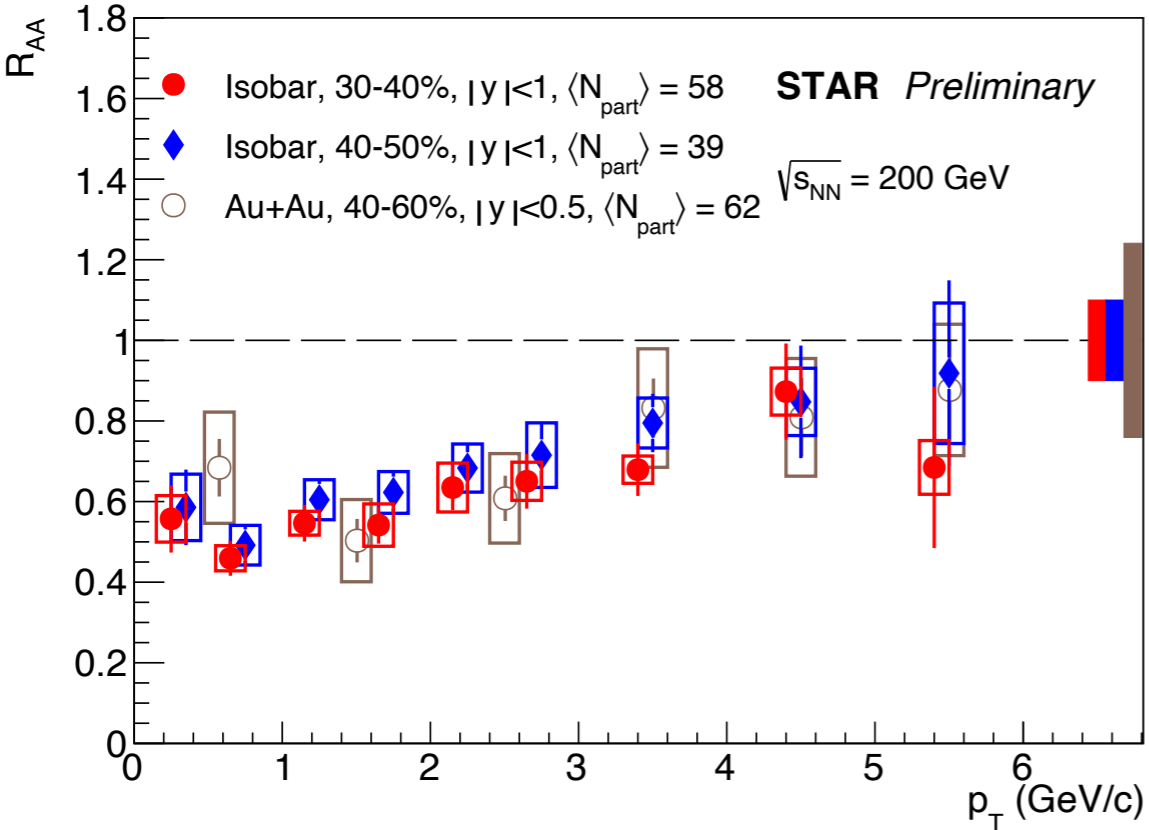
# Nuclear modification factors



- $R_{AA}$  as a function of transverse momentum in central collisions
  - Significant suppression at all  $p_T$  range
  - Similar trend with Au+Au and Cu+Cu results with similar system size
  - No initial geometry dependence were shown



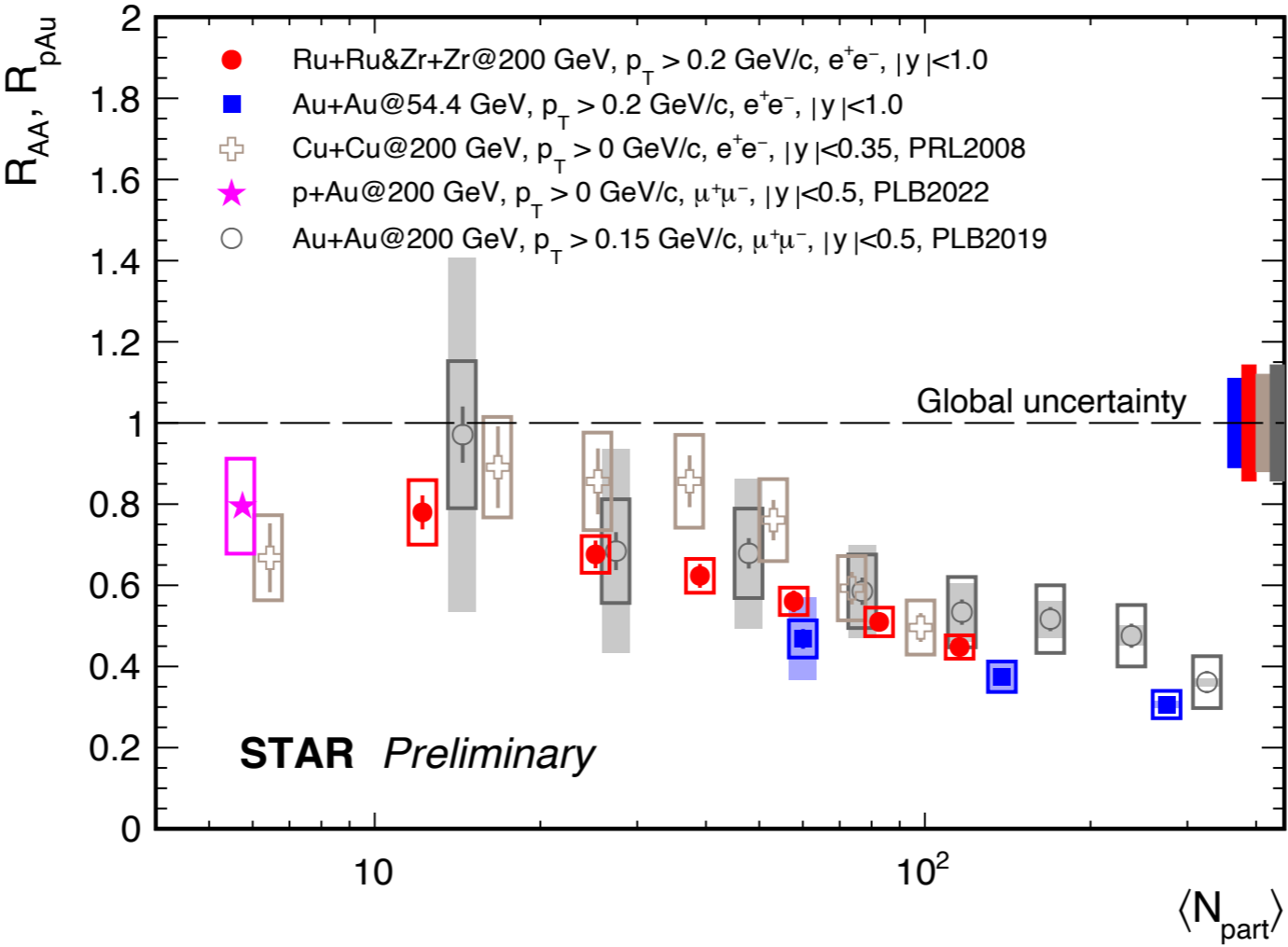
# Nuclear modification factors



- $R_{AA}$  as a function of transverse momentum in peripheral collisions
  - Significant suppression at low- $p_T$  range ( $p_T < 4$  GeV/c)
  - Similar trend with comparable system size



# System size dependence

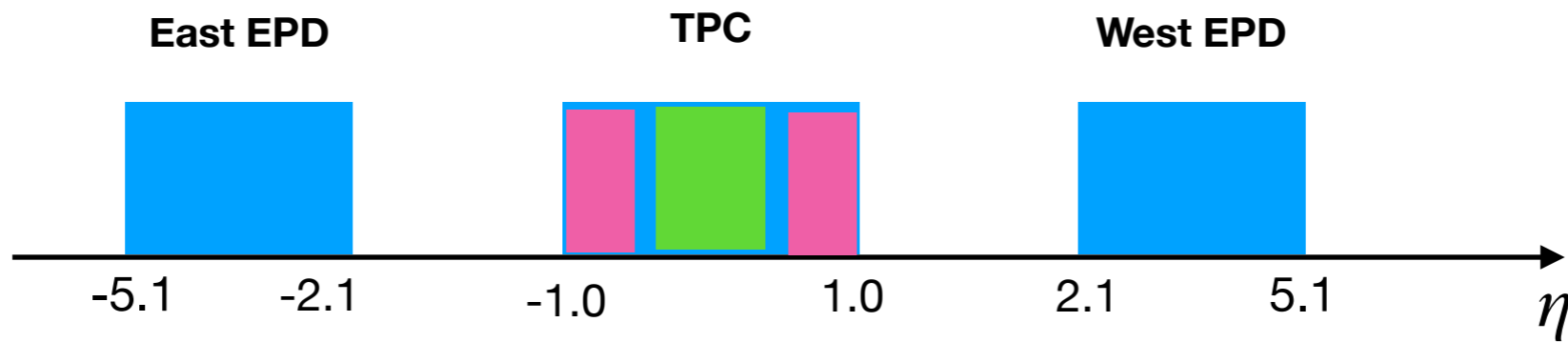


- An universal trend of  $R_{AA}$  as a function of  $\langle N_{part} \rangle$ 
  - No obvious initial system size dependence
  - No clear collision energy dependence at RHIC



# $v_2$ extraction

- Scalar-Product (SP) method:**
- EPD (West+East)
  - West TPC and East TPC with a  $\eta$  gap of 0.9



$$v_2^{obs} = \frac{\langle Q_{2,POI} Q_{2,EPD}^* \rangle}{\sqrt{\frac{\langle Q_{2,EPD} Q_{2,TPCW}^* \rangle \langle Q_{2,EPD} Q_{2,TPCE}^* \rangle}{\langle Q_{2,TPCW} Q_{2,TPCE}^* \rangle}}} = \frac{\langle Q_{2,POI} Q_{2,EPD}^* \rangle}{\sqrt{\frac{\langle Q_{2,EPD} Q_{2,TPCW}^* \rangle \langle Q_{2,EPD} Q_{2,TPCE}^* \rangle}{\langle Q_{2,TPCW} Q_{2,TPCE}^* \rangle}}}$$

Large  $\eta$  gap between  $J/\psi$  and EPD to minimize auto-correlation

→ limited non-flow contribution to final results

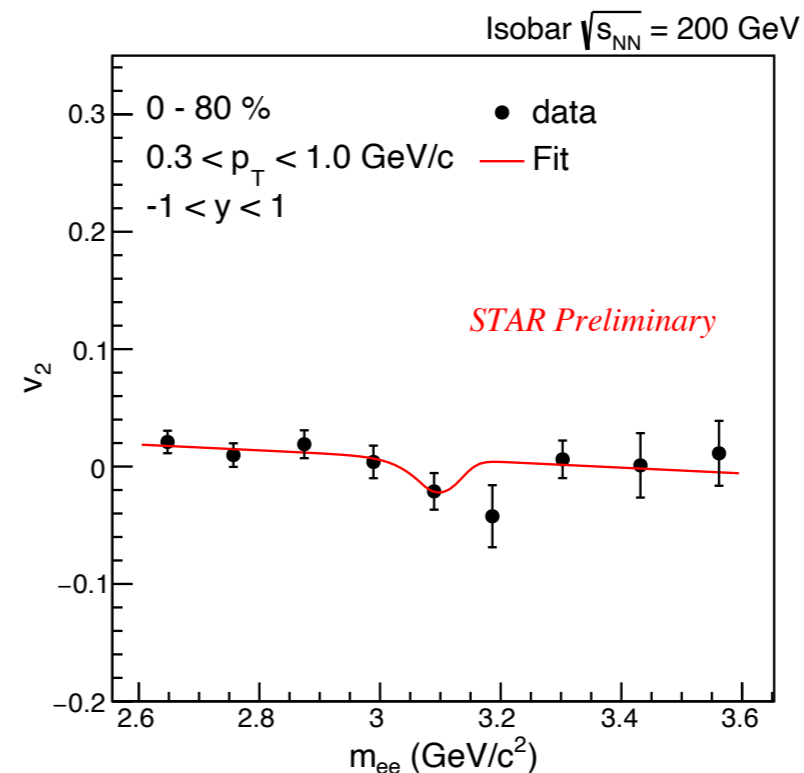
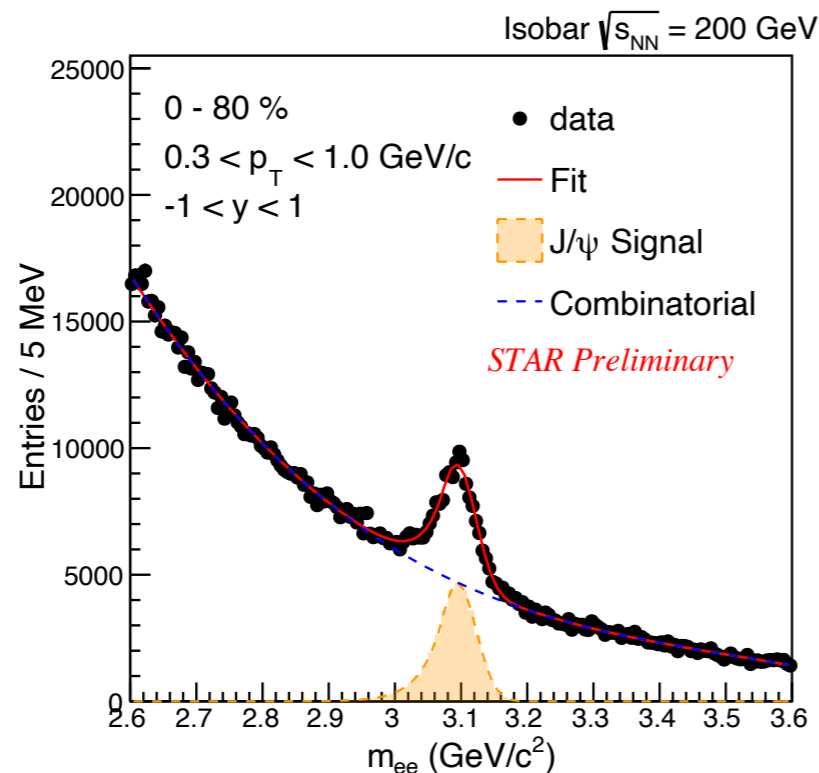


# J/ψ elliptic flow

- Crystal-ball function for J/ψ mass distribution
- Polynomial 3 for combinatorial background mass distribution
- Combinatorial background v<sub>2</sub>: a + b\*mass

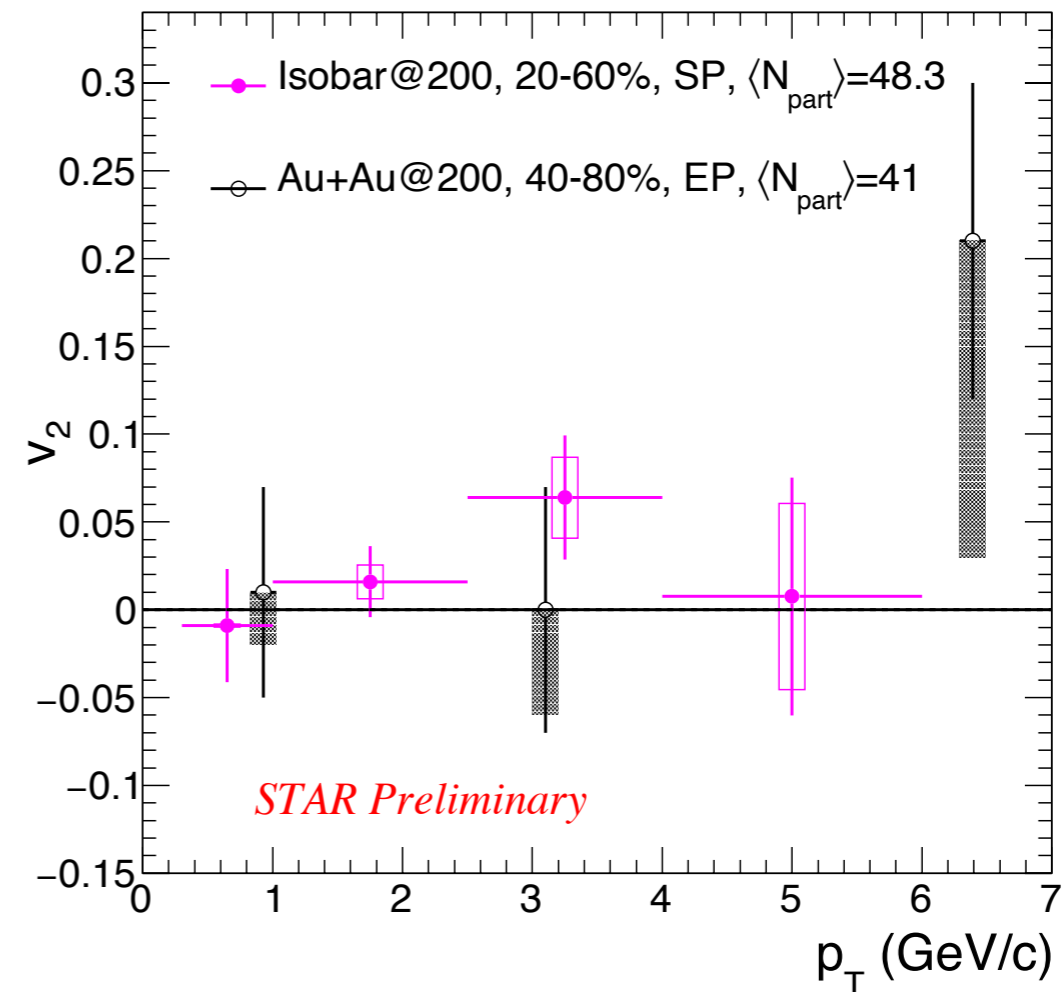
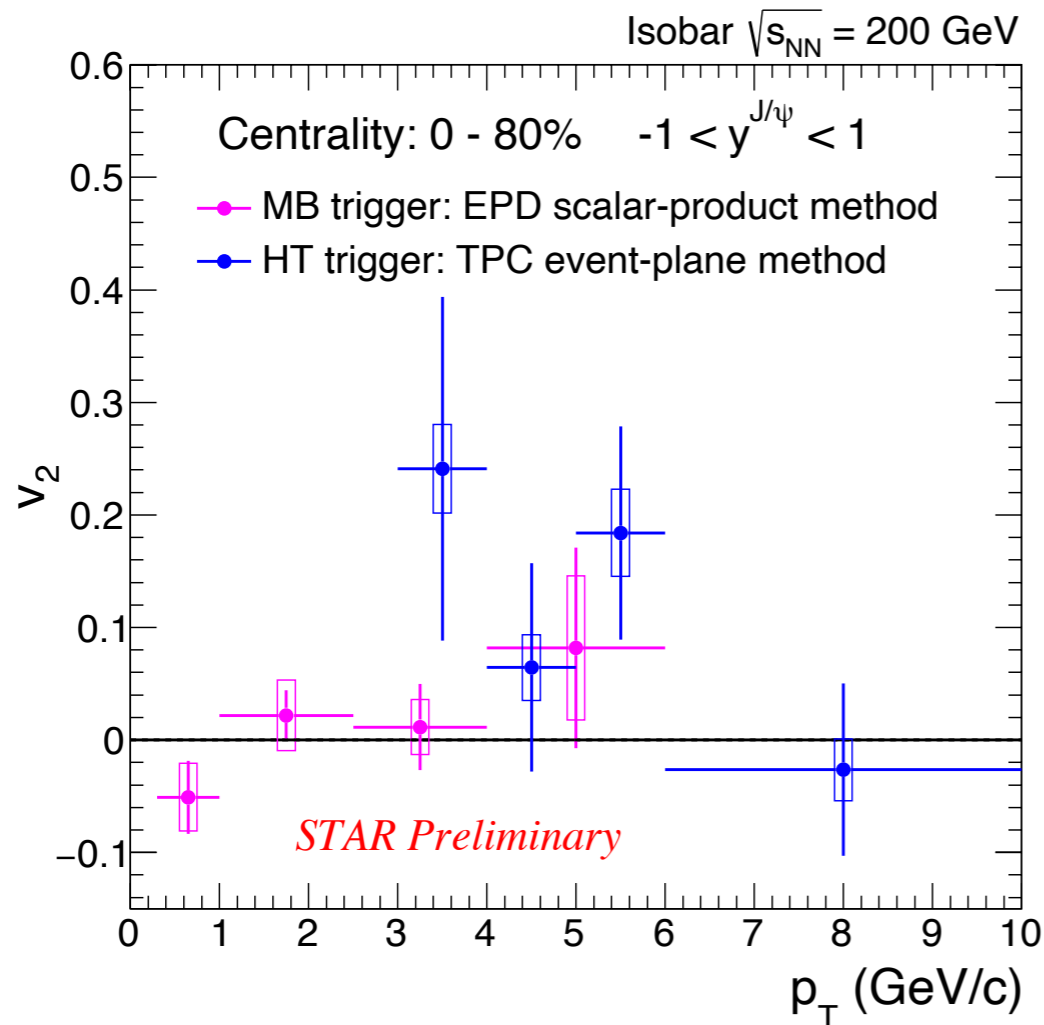
$$v_2^{S+B}(m_{inv}) = f(m_{inv})v_2^S + [1 - f(m_{inv})]v_2^B(m_{inv})$$

$$f(m_{inv}) = \frac{S(m_{inv})}{S(m_{inv}) + B(m_{inv})}$$





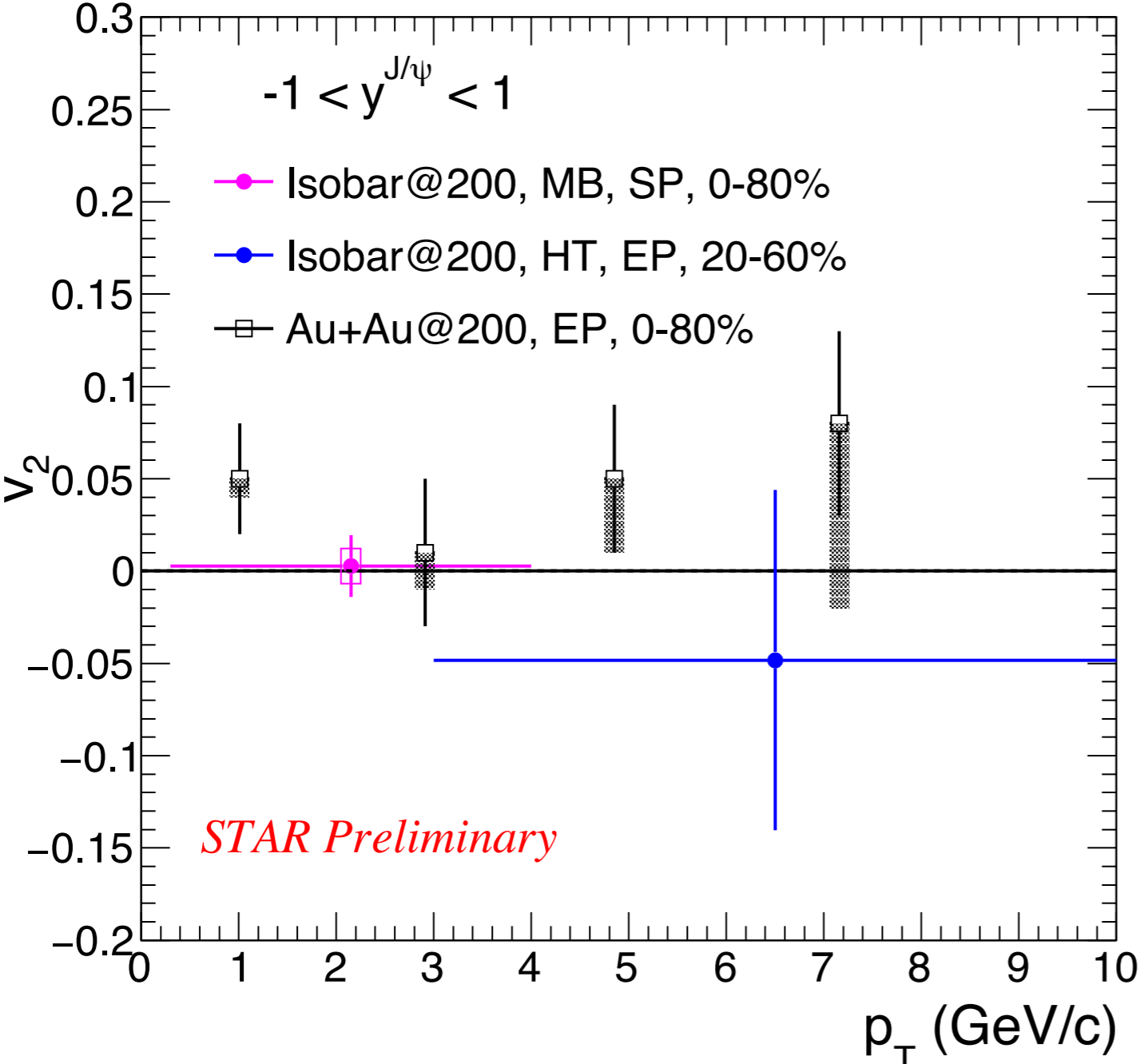
# J/ψ elliptic flow



- J/ψ  $v_2$  is consistent with zero in isobar collision
- Significant non-flow suppression by using scalar-product method at similar collision system

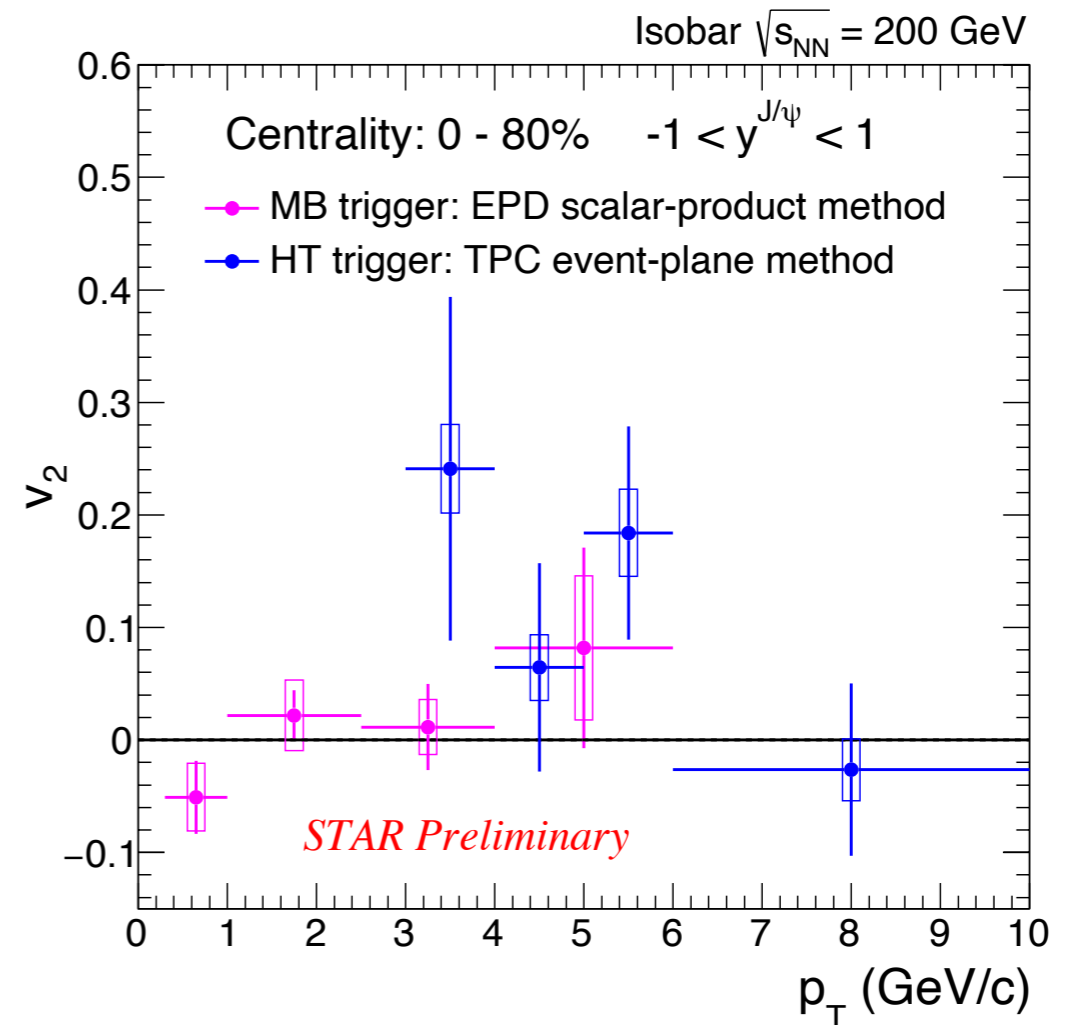
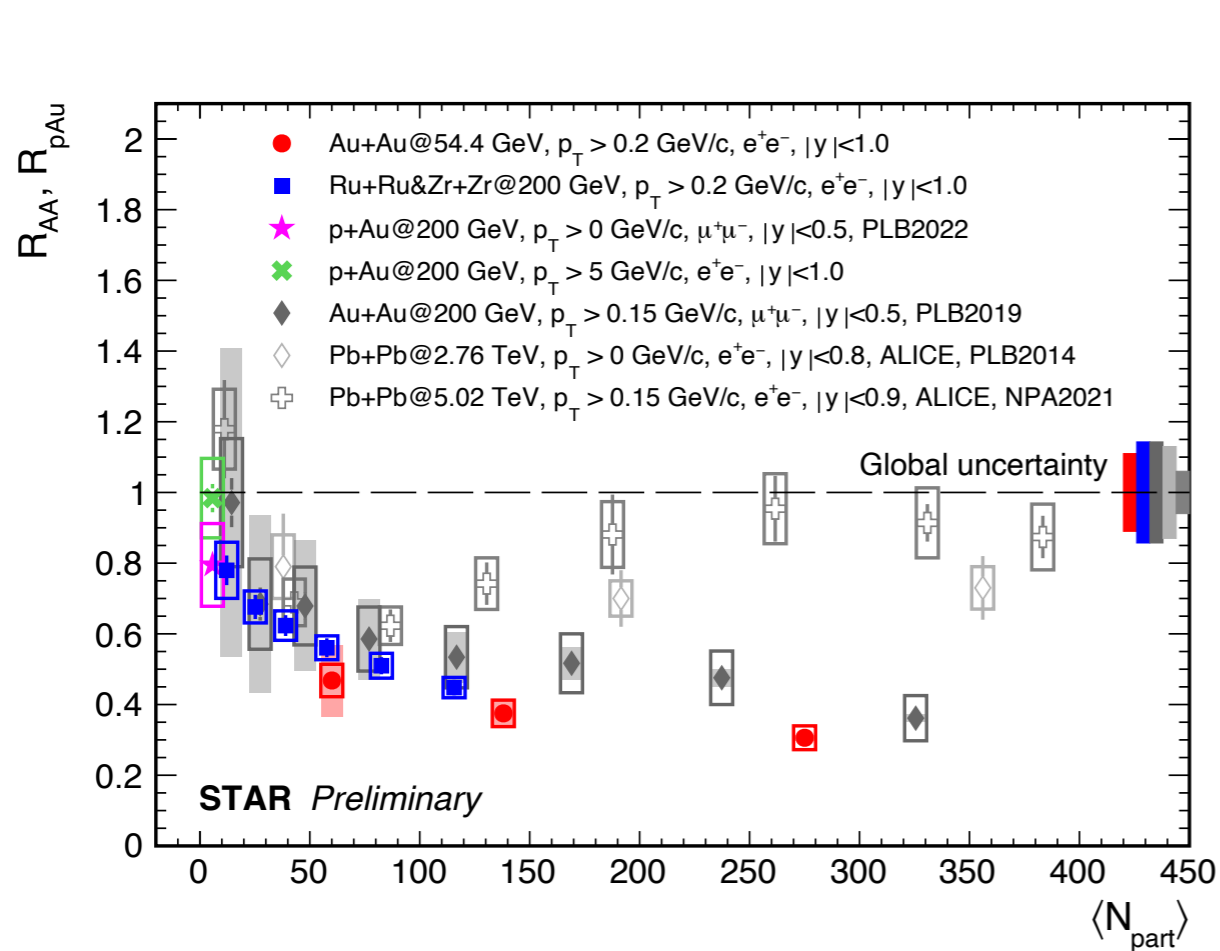


# J/ψ elliptic flow



- The  $J/\psi$   $v_2$  is consistent with 0 at low- $p_T$  range ( $0.3 < p_T < 4$  GeV/c)
  - $v_2 = 0.0027 \pm 0.017$  (stat.)  
 $\pm 0.0095$ (sys.)
- Improved  $J/\psi$   $v_2$  precision compare to STAR Au+Au results
  - Most precise measurement to data at RHIC

# J/ψ v<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>AA</sub>



- The regeneration effect is small in isobar collisions
- The color-screening effect is the dominated hot medium effect that affecting J/ψ production at RHIC





# Summary

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- Most precise  $J/\psi$   $v_2$  and  $R_{AA}$  measurement in HIC at RHIC so far
  - $v_2$  is consistent with zero at 2% precision level at low- $p_T$  range
  - Significant suppression is observed, no obvious system size and energy dependence at RHIC
- The regeneration effect is small and the color-screening effect dominated the  $J/\psi$  production at mid-rapidity in isobar collisions
- Theory inputs are very welcome!!

**Thanks!**